

**ELM DISTRIBUTION SOLAR**

**POOL HEATING INSTALLATION**

**MANUAL**



**SAVE INSTALLATION TIME AND AVOID CALL-BACKS**  
**READ THIS MANUAL BEFORE MOUNTING COLLECTORS**

# Manual Contents

This manual provides a detailed step-by-step procedure for the installation of an ELM Distribution Solar Pool Heating System. If the directions are followed correctly and only recommended ELM Distribution hardware and components are used, the installed system should provide years of trouble free service, savings, and enjoyment.

## CAUTION:

SOLAR COLLECTORS ARE OFTEN INSTALLED ON THE ROOFS OF BUILDINGS. UNLESS YOU ARE VERY FAMILIAR WITH WORKING ON ROOFS AND HAVE THE PROPER LADDERS AND SAFETY EQUIPMENT FOR SUCH WORK, YOU SHOULD HIRE SOMEONE WITH THE NECESSARY EXPERIENCE TO DO THE INSTALLATION. FAILURE TO OBSERVE SAFE PRACTICES ON A ROOF OR OTHER ELEVATED STRUCTURE MAY RESULT IN FALLING, LEADING TO SERIOUS INJURY TO YOU.

# Mounting Components

# Contents

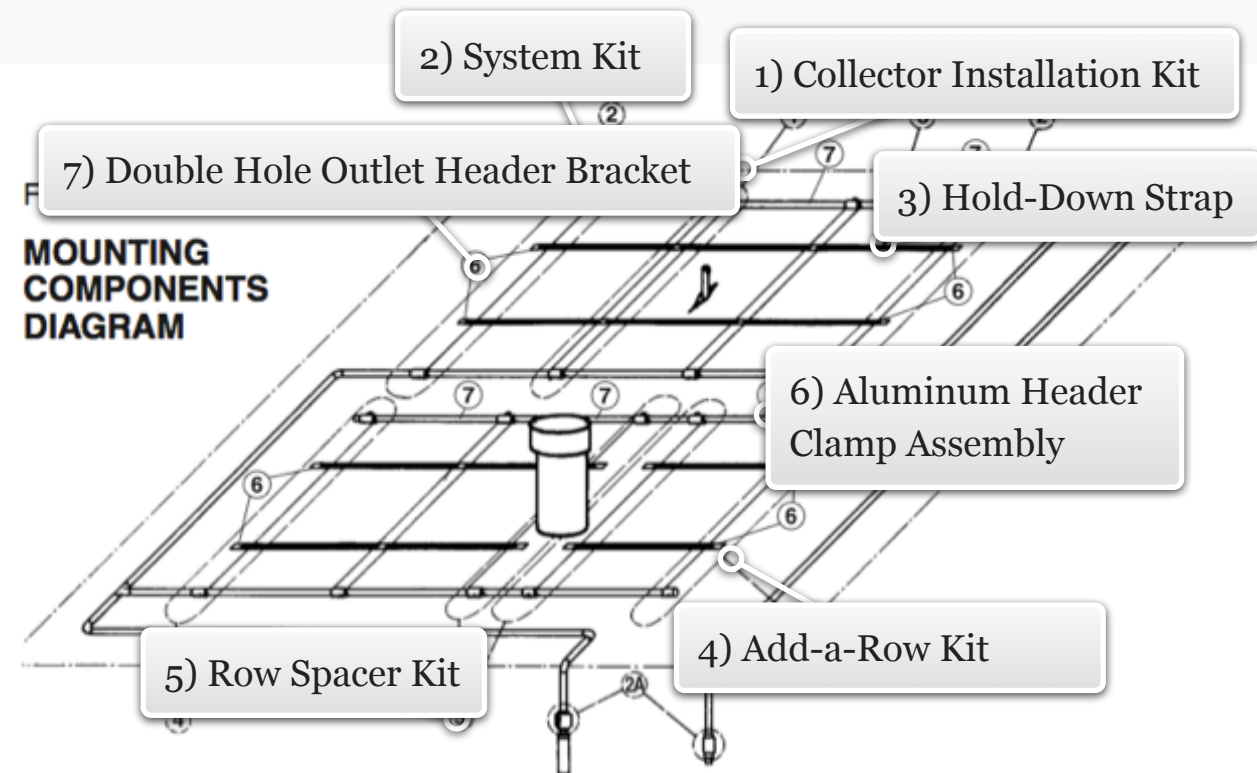
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# Overview

This section provides descriptions and part numbers of the ELM Distribution Installation Kits required for each solar pool heating system.

The mounting location of each kit component is shown by the corresponding circled number in the 'Mounting Components' diagram.

## INTERACTIVE 1.1 Mounting Components



# 1) Collector Installation Kit

**Part #12034-1 for 1 1/2" kit; #12034-2 for 2" kit**

Contains the parts needed to fasten a single solar collector to a supporting surface and to make water connections from one collector to another. Hold-Down Strap is not included and must be ordered separately.

Use one (1) kit per collector.

<u>Part No</u>	<u>Qty 1 1/2"</u>	<u>Qty 2"</u>	<u>Description</u>
10008-1	1	—	Outlet Header Hold-Down Bracket Assembly
10008-2	—	1	Outlet Header Hold-Down Bracket Assembly
50006	2	2	Hold-Down Strap Bracket
60690-1	2	—	Collector Connector Hose (3 3/4" long)
60690-2	—	2	Collector Connector Hose (3 3/4" long)
60003-1	4	—	Hose Clamp, Stainless Steel
60003-2	—	4	Hose Clamp, Stainless Steel

[Image 1.1](#) Collector Installation Kit



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## 2) System Kit

### Part #12135-1 for 1 1/2" kit; #12135-2 for 2" kit

Contains additional hold-down hardware, connection parts and adapters needed to complete water connections from the collectors to the system feed and return line. The pipe adapters that connect the system piping to the collectors are high temperature CPVC.

Use one (1) kit per system.

<u>Part No</u>	<u>Qty 1 1/2"</u>	<u>Qty 2"</u>	<u>Description</u>
10003-1	1	—	Vacuum Relief Valve
10003-2	—	1	Vacuum Relief Valve
10008-1	1	—	Outlet Header Hold-Down Bracket Assembly
10008-2	—	1	Outlet Header Hold-Down Bracket Assembly
10011	4	4	Hold-Down Strap Clamp Assembly
10035-2	1	1	Collector Hold Down Strap
12035-1	1	—	High Wind Hold-Down Kit
12035-2	—	1	High Wind Hold-Down Kit
30061-1	1	—	End Cap
30061-2	—	1	End Cap
30089-1	2	—	Pipe Adapter
30089-2	—	2	Pipe Adapter
50006	2	2	Hold-Down Strap Bracket
60691-1	2	—	System Connector Hose (7" long)
60691-2	—	2	System Connector Hose (7" long)
60003-1	4	—	Hose Clamp, Stainless Steel
60003-2	—	4	Hose Clamp, Stainless Steel

[Image 1.2](#) System Kit



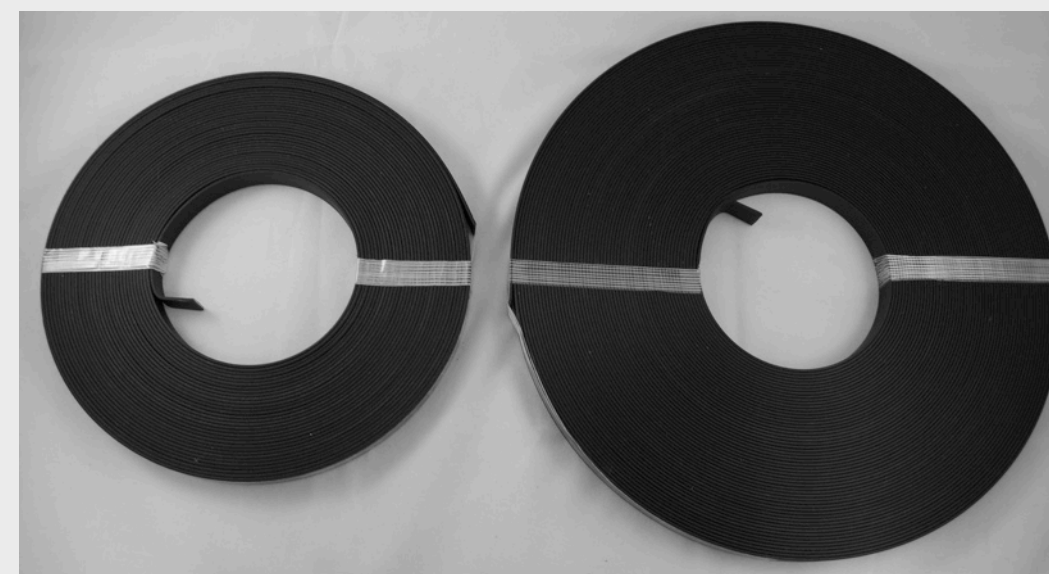


## 3) Hold-Down Strap

**Part #10035-1 for 54'; #10035-2 for 107'; #10040 for 1400'**

Required to secure collectors to the mounting surface. Use strap #10035-1 (54 ft) for rows of up to 6 collectors with two straps or #10035-2 (107 ft) for rows of up to 12 collectors with two straps. Additional strap is required when using [Optional Supplemental High Wind Area Collector Hold-Down Kit](#). Available in bulk, #10040 (1400 ft. roll.)

[Image 1.3](#) Hold-Down Strap



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## 4) Add-a-Row Kit

**Part #12043-1 for 1 1/2" kit; #12043-2 for 2" kit**

Used when more than one row of collectors is to be installed. The kit contains additional hold-down hardware, connecting parts, and adapters.

Use one (1) kit for each collector row after the first.

<u>Part No</u>	<u>Qty 1 1/2"</u>	<u>Qty 2"</u>	<u>Description</u>
10003-1	1	—	Vacuum Relief Valve
10003-2	—	1	Vacuum Relief Valve
10008-1	1	—	Outlet Header Hold-Down Bracket Assembly
10008-2	—	1	Outlet Header Hold-Down Bracket Assembly
10011	4	4	Hold-Down Strap Clamp Assembly
30061-1	1	—	End Cap
30061-2	—	1	End Cap
30089-1	2	—	Pipe Adapter
30089-2	—	2	Pipe Adapter
50006	2	2	Hold-Down Strap Bracket
60691-1	2	—	System Connector Hose (7" long)
60691-2	—	2	System Connector Hose (7" long)
60003-1	4	—	Hose Clamp, Stainless Steel
60003-2	—	4	Hose Clamp, Stainless Steel

[Image 1.4](#) Add-a-Row Kit



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## 5) Row Spacer Kit

### Part #12017-1 for 1 1/2" kit; #12017-2 for 2" kit

Used when a row of collectors must be interrupted by a space to allow for obstructions such as a chimney or roof vent. It contains the hardware needed to space around any width obstructions by connecting appropriate lengths of PVC pipe to the pipe adapters at the inlet and outlet headers of the two collectors on either side of the obstructions.

Use one (1) for each gap between collectors

Use when required.

<u>Part No</u>	<u>Qty 1 1/2"</u>	<u>Qty 2"</u>	<u>Description</u>
10008-1	1	—	Outlet Header Hold-Down Bracket Assembly
10008-2	—	1	Outlet Header Hold-Down Bracket Assembly
10011	4	4	Hold-Down Strap Clamp Assembly
30089-1	4	—	Pipe Adapter
30089-2	—	4	Pipe Adapter
50006	2	2	Hold-Down Strap Bracket
60690-1	2	—	Collector Connector Hose (3 3/4" long)
60690-2	—	2	Collector Connector Hose (3 3/4" long)
60003-1	4	—	Hose Clamp, Stainless Steel
60003-2	—	4	Hose Clamp, Stainless Steel

[Image 1.5](#) Row Spacer Kit



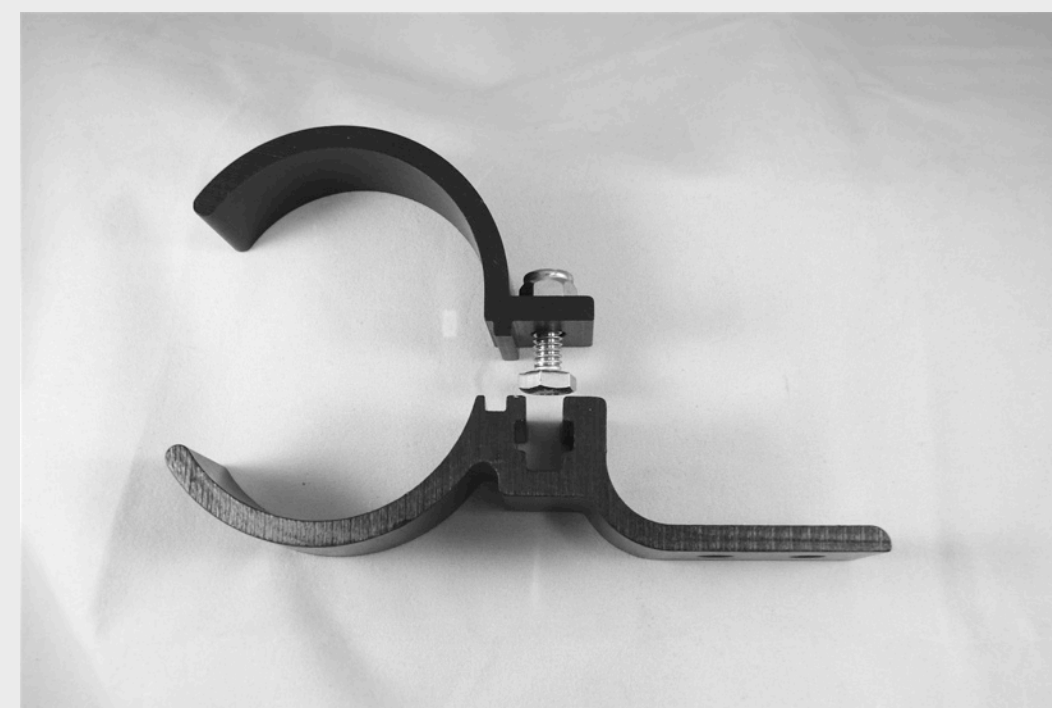
Go to: [Chapter 1 Home Page](#); [Mounting the Solar Collectors](#); [Installation Over Roof Vent Pipes](#); [Special Systems Layout](#).

## 6) Aluminum Outlet Header Clamp Assembly

**Part #10117-1 for 1 1/2"; #10117-2 for 2"**

Used as supplemental outlet header mounting in conjunction with the Outlet Header Hold-Down Bracket assembly, Part #10008-1. The bracket is designed for installations that require more flexibility for the outlet header mounting hardware location, such as barrel tile roofs or installations that require additional mounting.

[Image 1.6](#) Aluminum Outlet Header Clamp Assembly



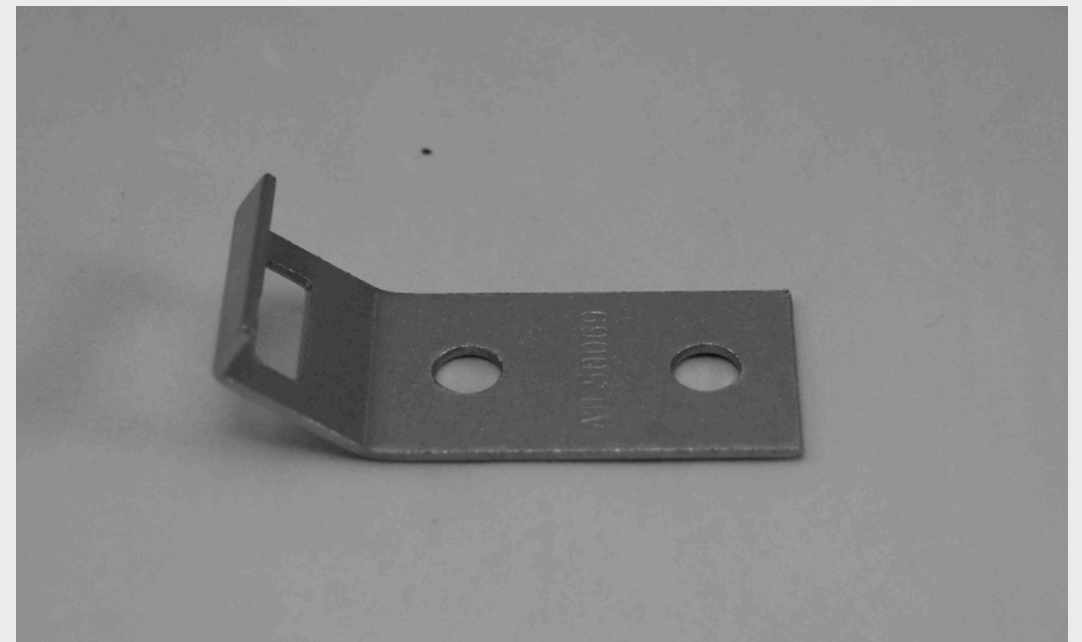
Go to: [Chapter 1 Home Page](#); Step Seven.

## 7) Double Hole Outlet Header Bracket

### Part #50069

May also be used to terminate a strap run in high wind areas where extra hold-down strength is required.

[Image 1.7](#) Double Hole Outlet Header Bracket



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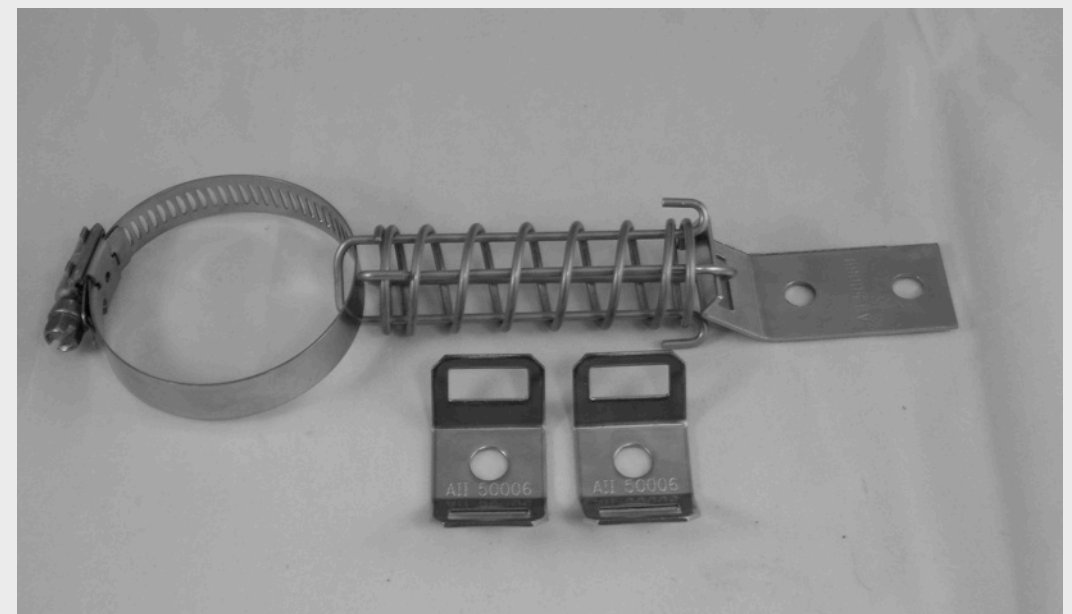
## 8) Optional Supplemental High Wind Area Collector Hold-Down Kit

**Part #12035-1 for 1 1/2", #12035-2 for 2"**

Used in addition to the basic collector installation kit in regions where high winds are prevalent.

Requires twice the amount of [Hold-Down Strap](#).

[Image 1.8](#) Optional Supplemental High Wind Area Collector Hold-Down Kit



Go to: [Chapter 1 Home Page](#); [Installation in High Wind Areas](#).

## 9) Black Hose Clamps

**Part #60548-1 for 1 1/2"; #60548-2 for 2"**

Our standard stainless steel hose clamps with an aesthetic black, durable electrostatically applied powder-paint coating.

[Image 1.9](#) Black Hose Clamps



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## 10) Collector Repair Plug

### Part # 30143

Used as an easy and permanent on site repair of a collector by isolating the leaking riser tube.

[Image 1.10](#) Collector Repair Plugs



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# Mounting the Solar Collectors

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- 10. Install Vacuum Relief Valve
- 11. Install End Cap
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- 13. Installation in High Wind Areas
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# Overview

When mounting the collectors, always make provisions for inlet connections at the bottom header and outlet connections at the top. **The outlet headers must be pitched a vertical distance of at least 8" (20cm) above the inlet headers to assure uniform flow and proper drainage to prevent freezing.** The outlet pipe for each row of collectors must be connected diagonally opposite the inlet pipe. Plan the collector location to allow at least one foot on all sides of the row(s) of collectors for mounting brackets and piping.

Roof obstructions, if present, should now be taken into account to determine the exact collector location. Collectors can be installed over or around different diameter roof vent pipes or other obstructions. After snapping the top chalk lines but before marking and pre-drilling for your outlet header brackets, refer to the following instructions:

- With a roof vents up to 2"(50mm) in diameter the collectors can be installed directly over these vents. Locate the seam in the panel nearest to where the vent pipe is to come through. Separate by pulling up on top plate, and pushing down on the lower plate. Should the vent pipe protrude near a sonic tack weld, it will have to be cut apart. Using a sharp utility knife, cut through the weld while pulling the two plates apart. Lay the collector over the vent pipe, keeping the vent pipe at least 12 inches (30cm) away from a header. It will be easier to complete an installation by mounting this panel first and then working away from it.
- With a roof vent pipe of 3"(80mm) in diameter, the collectors can be positioned on either side of the vent. two 7" (18cm) System Connector Hoses (Part #60691-1 for 1 1/2" or #60691-2 for 2") can be employed to couple the collectors together for vent pipes or other obstacles up to 7" (18cm) in diameter. Mark your 51" (128cm) centers wherever the outlet header brackets 'fall' on the upper chalk line. With obstructions of over 7"(18cm), such as attic fans and skylights, lay out the panels on either side of the obstructions using a [Row Spacer Kit](#) (Part #12017-1 for 1 1/2"; #12017-2 for 2").
- Refer to [Figure 2](#) throughout this section.

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## Step One: Outlet Header Bracket Location

Determine the position of the last Outlet Header Hold-Down Bracket for the row of collectors. Mark this point on the roof. The Collector Outlet Headers will be located 1" (25mm) below this mark.

Refer to [Figure 3](#).

**FIGURE 3** Outlet Header Bracket Location



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## Step Two: Drill Along Chalkline

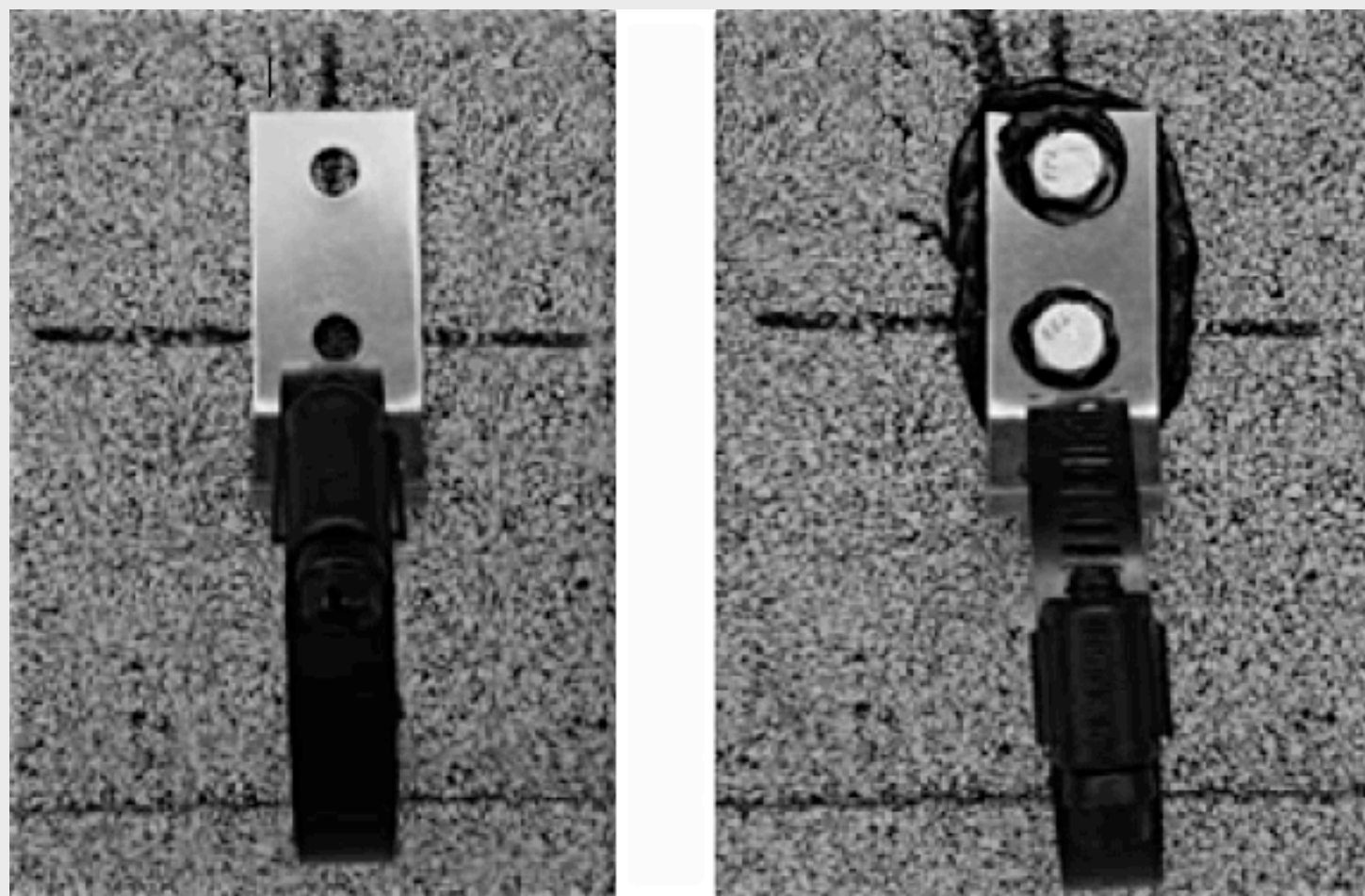
Using this point, snap a chalk line to the opposite end of the row. **Slope this line down the roof toward the inlet approximately 1" (25mm) for each 6 collectors in the row.**

Using a 1/8" (3mm) drill bit (for 1/4" (6mm) diameter screws) drill a hole for the first Outlet Header Bracket on the first roof mark. Measure up 1" on center from the first pilot hole and drill pilot hole for second screw. Repeat this process all along the chalk line for the total number of collectors to be installed.

## Step Three: Outlet Header Bracket Location

Inject a generous amount of high quality sealant into each hole and onto the surrounding roof surface. Bolt all the outlet header Hold-Down Brackets to the roof as shown in [Figure 4](#).

**FIGURE 4** Outlet Header Bracket Sealant



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## Step Four: Hold-Down Strap Bracket Locations

Locate the Hold-Down Strap Bracket holes using the information in Table 2A shown below, (also shown in [Figure 2 Table A](#)). Measuring from the top outlet header bracket chalk line, snap another chalk line parallel to this line using the “A” dimension. The “B” dimension is the same for all collector sizes, which is 16” (40cm) up from the outside of the bottom header and can be measured after the collectors are installed. Wait to install the Hold-Down Strap Brackets until after the collectors are installed so as not to damage the collectors when you are bringing them to the roof for installation.

**TABLE 2 A** Distance Between Panel Headers and Straps

COLLECTOR PANEL SIZE, FEET (M)	12 (3.6)	10 (3.0)	8 (2.4)	6 (1.8)	4 (1.2)
COLLECTOR (A) DISTANCE, INCHES (CM)	60 (152)	48 (122)	36 (91)	24 (60)	---
COLLECTOR (B) DISTANCE, INCHES (CM)	16 (40)	16 (40)	16 (40)	16 (40)	16 (40)

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## Step Five: Install Hose

Bring the first collector to the roof and slip the proper hoses over both ends of the inlet and outlet headers on the last return collector. Make sure that the header with the serial number label is used for the outlet or top header with the serial number label facing downwards towards the roof. The System Connector Hoses (Part #60691-1 for 1 1/2"; # 60691-2 for 2"), go on the outlet of the last collector and the inlet of the first collector. Locate a Hose Clamp between the two indicator ridges on the hose. In order to center it over the sealing groove in the header. This clamp must face up so as to be accessible for tightening and will not rub against the mounting surface.

Make sure you securely tighten each clamp with a nutdriver. If a nutdriver is not available, a 'hex' wrench or screwdriver will suffice. **THE HOSE CLAMPS MUST BE LOCATED BETWEEN THE TWO INDICATOR RIDGES ON THE HOSE.**

Refer also to [Figure 2](#).

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## Step Six: Install Outlet Header Bracket with Hose

Position the collector on the roof so that the center of the outlet connection hoses are directly beneath the secured outlet header brackets and slip the bracket hold-down clamps over the connection hoses. **LIGHTLY TIGHTEN** the clamp around the header hose. Refer to [Figure 5](#). Continue to install all the collectors in the array, coupling them side to side.

**FIGURE 5** Installed Outlet Header Bracket with Hose



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## Step Seven: Header Clamp Assembly

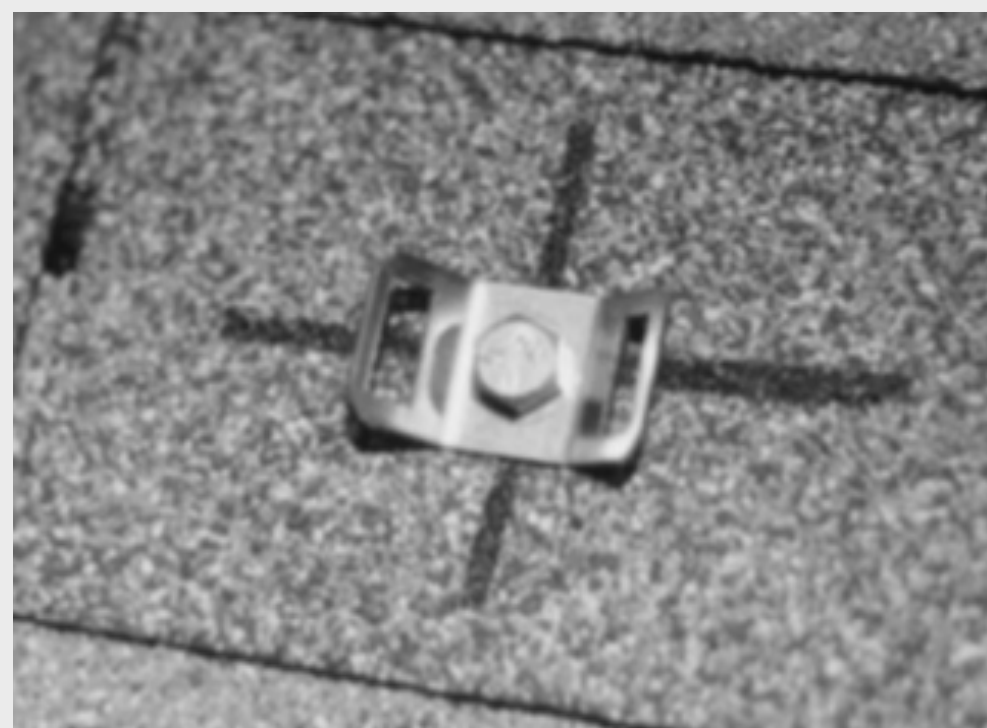
If the [Aluminum Header Clamp Assembly](#), Part #10117-1 for 1 1/2"; #10117-2 for 2", is to be used for supplemental mounting hardware, install after both the outlet header brackets and the collectors have been installed.

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## Step Eight: Install Hold-Down Strap Bracket

Proceed to the lower chalk line previously snapped on the roof for the Hold-Down Strap Brackets. Mark a hole 2" (5cm) to the side of the first collector and continue marking holes on the chalk line centered exactly between the absorber surfaces until you reach the last collector. Mark the last hole the same 2" (5cm) to the side of the last collector. Drill a pilot hole and apply sealant at each of these locations. Bolt the Hold-Down Strap Brackets on the roof. Refer to [Figure 6](#). It is OK to step on the collectors as long as you stay one foot away from the top and bottom headers. Mark the holes for the bottom Hold-Down Strap by measuring up 16" (40cm) from the outside of the bottom header and again centering them between the absorbers and 2" (5cm) away from the first and last collector.

**FIGURE 6** Strap Bracket

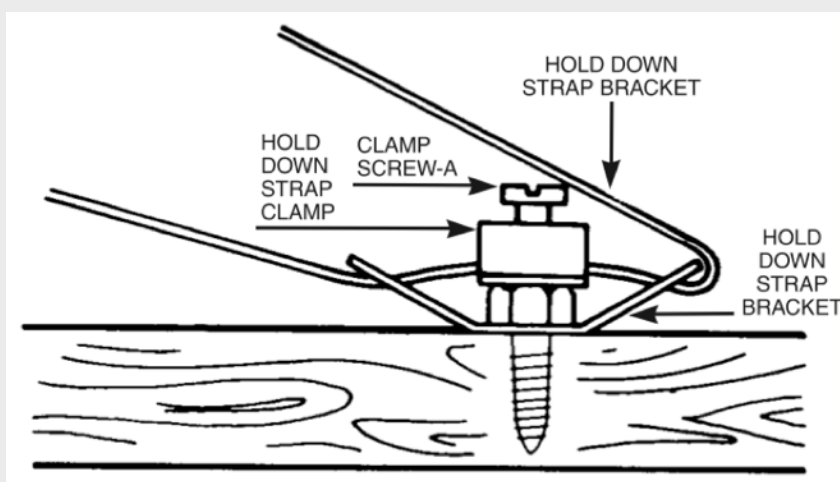


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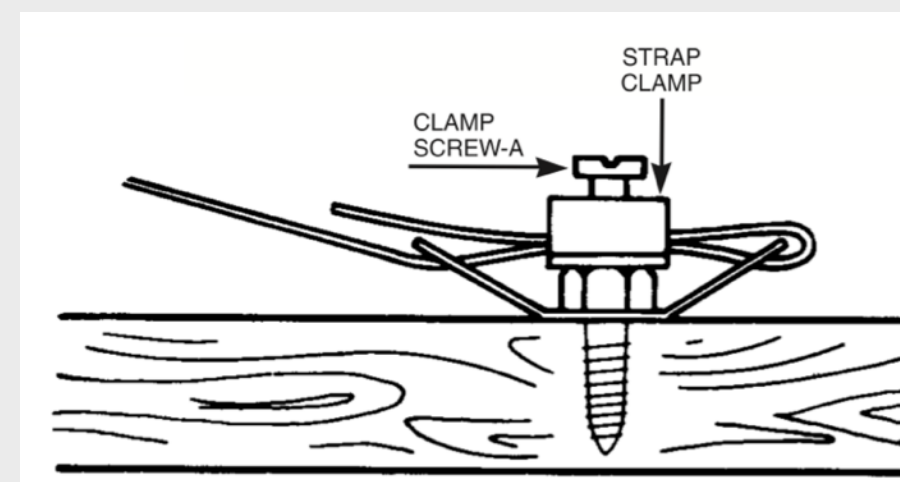
## Step Nine: Install Strap

Slip one end of a Hold-Down Strap through the slot in the Hold-Down Strap Bracket at the end of the row, then through the strap clamp and out through the other slot in the Hold-Down Bracket. Pull about 3" (7-8cm) of the strap through and bend it back toward the clamp. Refer to [Figure 7](#). Slip the loose end of the strap through the strap clamp and pull it tight. Clamp screw (A) should be tightened securely, but not over-tightened to the point where the clamp is distorted. Refer to [Figure 8](#). Bring the remaining strap end across the collector face, passing through both slots in the bracket located on the other side of the collectors. Pull the straps taut against the face of the collectors. Repeat this procedure for the remaining Hold-Down Strap. Refer to [Figure 9](#).

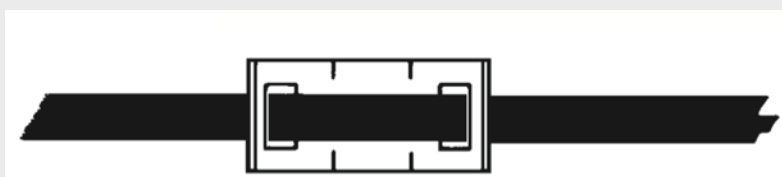
**FIGURE 7** Termination Strap Bracket Assembly



**FIGURE 8** Termination Strap Bracket Assembly



**FIGURE 9** Strap Bracket with Strap



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## Step Ten: Install Vacuum Relief Valve

Install the Vacuum Relief Valve (Part #10003-1 for 1 1/2"; #10003-2 for 2") in the outlet header of each row. This will be located at the opposite end of the header that is connected to the collector return line.

Refer to [Figure 2](#), [Figure 10](#), [Figure 11](#), and [Figure 12](#).

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## Step Eleven: Install End Cap

Install an End Cap, (Part # 30061-1 for 1 1/2"; #30061-2 for 2") in the inlet header of each row, opposite the end that is connected to the collector inlet pipe.

Refer to [Figure 2](#), [Figure 10](#), [Figure 11](#), and [Figure 12](#).

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## Step Twelve: Final Inspection

**INSPECT THE INSTALLATION AND CHECK ALL CLAMPS FOR PROPER POSITION AND TIGHTNESS.**

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# Installation in High Wind Areas

When Installing in High Wind Areas it is recommended to use the [Optional Supplemental High Wind Area Collector Hold-Down Kit](#), Part #12035-1 for 1 1/2"; #12035-2 for 2".

Install an Inlet Header Hold-Down Assembly to each of the panel's inlet header connection hoses. Stretch the spring 3/4" to locate the first hole. Using a 1/8" (3mm) drill bit (for 1/4" (6mm) diameter screws) drill a hole for the first outlet header bracket on the first roof mark. Measure down 1" on center from the first pilot hole and drill pilot hole for second screw. Insert a generous amount of high quality sealant into each hole and onto the surrounding roof surface. Tension the bracket's spring and bolt the bracket securely to the mounting surface. Repeat this step for the other inlet connection hoses.

**NOTE: DO NOT STRETCH THE SPRING MORE THEN 3/4". OVER TENSIONING THE SPRING WHEN THE PANEL IS EXPANDED ON A HOT DAY CAN LEAD TO PANEL DAMAGE WHEN IT CONTRACTS ON A COOL DAY/NIGHT.**

See *Table 2B* below and [Figure 18](#) for additional strap bracket locations.

**TABLE 2 B**

COLLECTOR PANEL SIZE, FEET (M)	12 (3.6)	10 (3.0)	8 (2.4)
DIMENSION OF (A), INCHES (CM)	32 (81)	28 (71)	20 (51)

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## Installation Over Roof Vent Pipes

- If you have the installation flexibility it is easier to locate vent pipes up to 2" between adjacent collectors.
- With a roof vent pipe of 3" (8cm) in diameter, the collectors can be positioned on either side of the vent. Two System Connector Hoses (Part #60691-1 for 1 1/2"; # 60691-2 for 2") can be employed to couple the collectors together for vent pipes or other obstacles up to 7" (17cm) in diameter. Mark your 51" (1.3m) centers wherever the outlet header brackets 'fall' on the upper chalk line.
- With obstructions of over 7" (17cm), such as attic fans and skylights, lay out the collectors on either side of the obstruction using a [Row Spacer Kit](#) (Part #12017-1 for 1 1/2"; #12017-2 for 2").

See Diagram or refer to [Figure 17](#) .

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# System Piping

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- 3. Direct Return
- 4. Optional Isolation Valves
- 5. Collector By-Pass Check Valve
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- 7. System Below Pool Level

# Overview

- The most common piping configurations use a pressure filter. The pump draws the water from the skimmer and/or a main drain, forcing it through the filter and sending it back to the pool through the return lines. (other types please contact factory)
- If a fuel-fired heater or heat pump is installed, it is located between the collector return line and the return line to the pool. The pipes to and from the solar collectors are connected to the return line to the pool before the water enters the fuel-fired heater, if one is used.
- Whenever there is more than 40 gpm (151.6l) required flow rate to the collectors or more than 100' (30m) of piping used in a system, install 2" (63mm) piping to and from the collectors. Piping to and from the collectors should be the same type of plastic piping and fittings approved for use with swimming pool filters and pumps. It is recommended to always use Schedule 40 PVC pipe and fittings.
- Although PVC pipe is generally white, black is also available but may be difficult to find locally. If for aesthetics black pipe is desired it can always be painted black. Before painting, the PVC pipe must be wiped with cleaner to remove the glossy surface coating. This will ensure that the paint will not flake off prematurely.
- Use a PVC cutter or a PVC wide-blade saw (not a hacksaw) for cutting pipe. It is important to use both a quality cleaner/primer and solvent in gluing a PVC joint. Finally, use a cloth while either gluing or painting to keep the job a clean one.
- Piping should also be supported at intervals of 5' (1.5m) for horizontal pipe and 8' (2.5m) for vertical pipe.

Refer to [Figure 10](#), [Figure 11](#), and [Figure 12](#) throughout this section.

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# Flow Rate

- In order to receive optimum results from ELM Distribution collectors, the following recommended flow rates and number of collectors per row should be followed. When the system is running, all the collectors should feel uniformly cool to the touch, and there should be no residual air left in the pool return lines. If either of these two conditions persist, chances are that the flow rates thru the collectors are inadequate or the system is not properly balanced. A flow meter can be installed in the collector feed line to check on the flow rate. If the flow rates are within the limits as shown below in *Table 3A*, then the system may not be properly balanced, especially with systems requiring multiple banks of collectors. Refer to **Special System Layouts**.
- If the flow rate is below the minimum as shown in the table above, then the pool pump horse power or pipe size should be increased, or a booster pump installed in some cases. If the flow rate is excessive (more than 10 GPM/ (37.9l ) collector), or if the system pressure is greater than 30 psi, a bypass line should be installed between the collector feed and return lines above the 3-way valve to prevent problems with the collectors and connection hoses.
- If there is residual air in the pool return lines and the collectors do feel cool to the touch, refer to the section concerning the **Vacuum Relief Valve Test** (*Chapter 6 Section 3.*)

TABLE 3 A

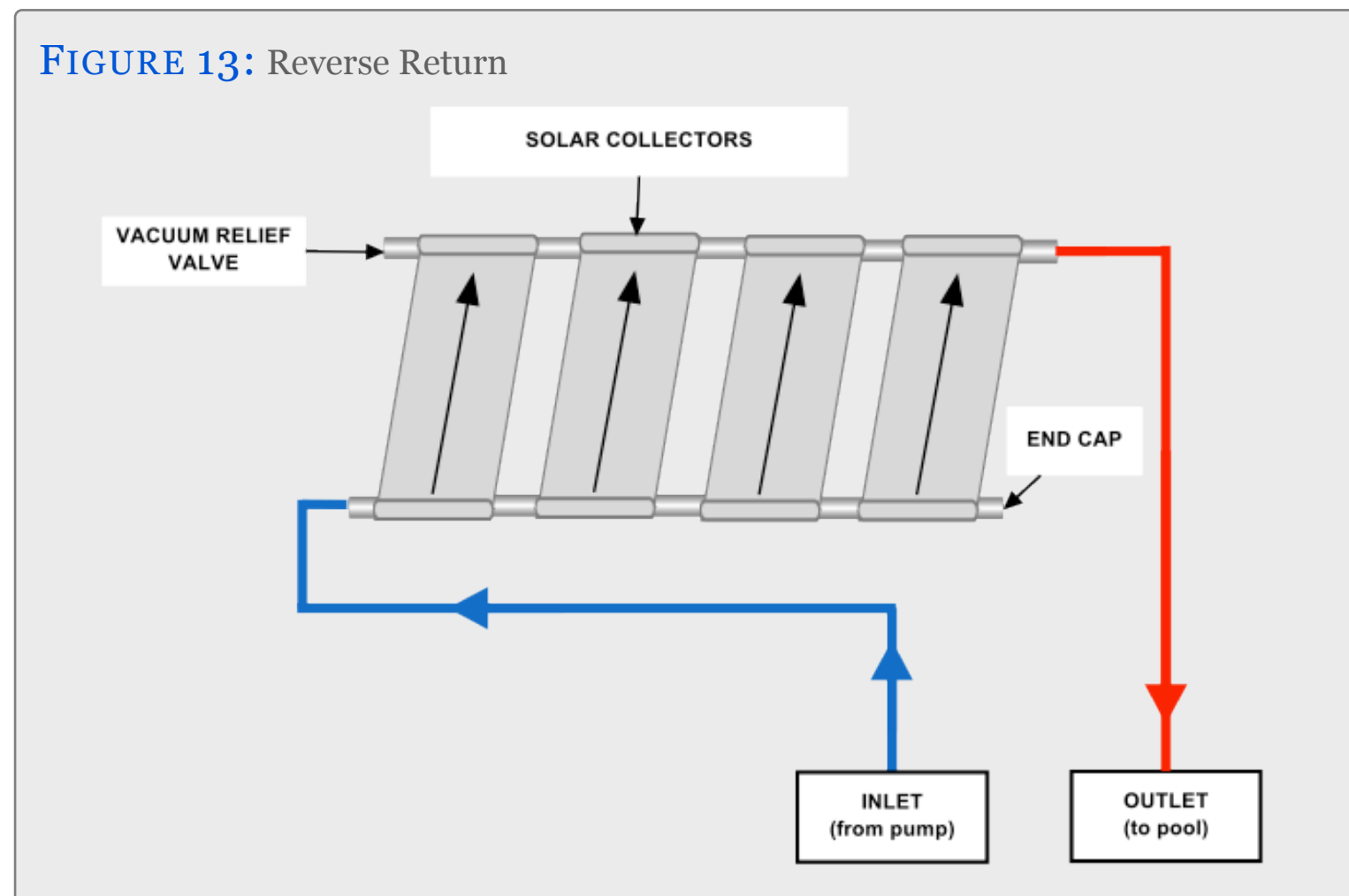
COLLECTOR SIZE, FEET:	4 X 12	4 X 10	4 X 8
STANDARD FLOW RATE PER COLLECTOR, GPM (LTR/MIN)	5.0 (18.9)	4.0 (15.1)	3.25 (12.5)
MINIMUM FLOW RATE PER COLLECTOR, GPM (LTR/MIN)	3.0 (11.4)	2.5 (9.5)	2.5 (9.5)
MAXIMUM # COLLECTORS PER ROW, 1 1/2"; 2"	10; 12	12; 12	12; 14
MAXIMUM SQUARE FOOTAGE PER ARRAY, 1 1/2"; 2"	480; 576	480; 576	480; 576
PRESSURE DROP, PSI@GPM: 1 1/2"; 2"	0.05@2.50; 0.05 @2.5	0.13@5.0; 0.20@5.0	0.39@10.0; 0.60@10.0

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# Reverse Return

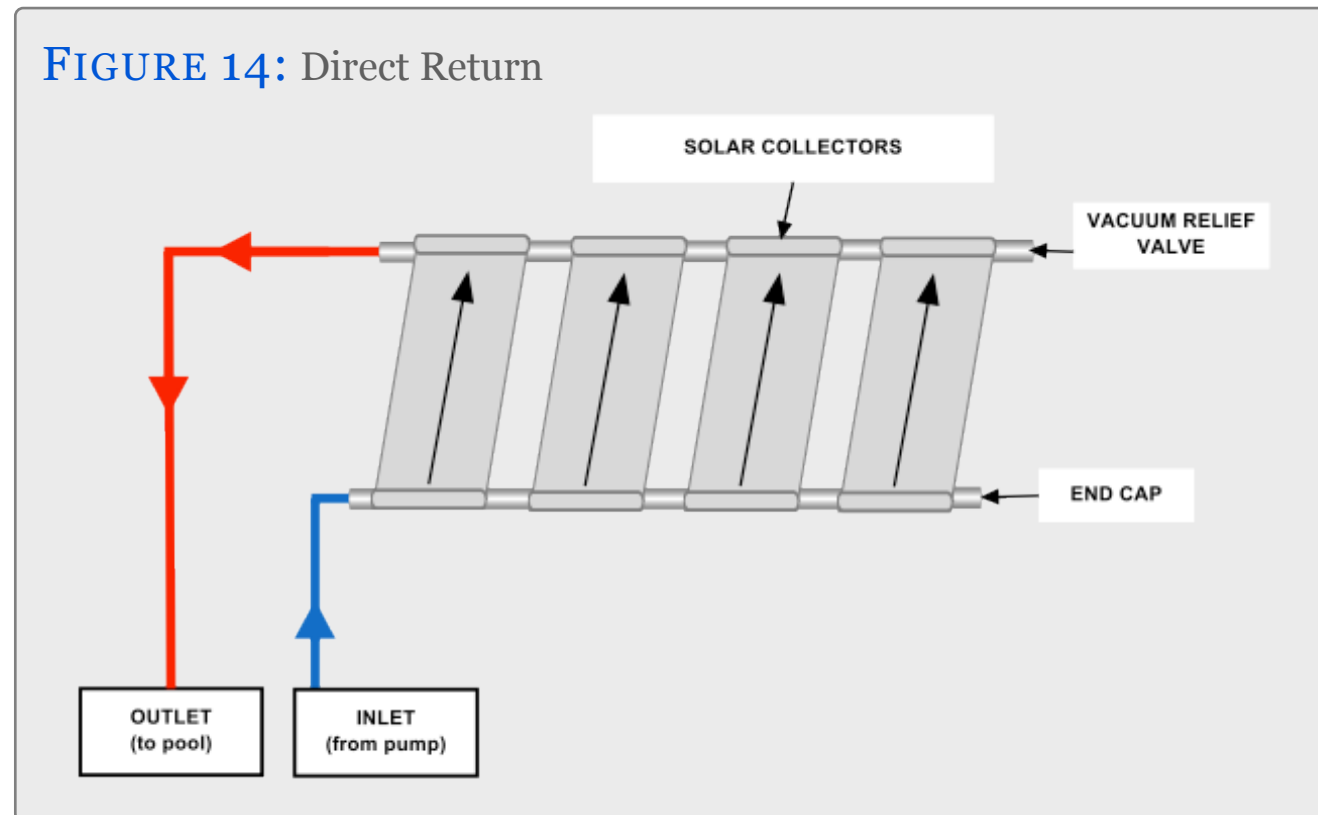
Refer to [Figure 13](#).



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# Direct Return

Refer to [Figure 14](#).



**TABLE 3 B** Number of Recommended Collectors to Use in a System

COLLECTOR SIZE:	8'		10'		12'	
	1 1/2"	2"	1 1/2"	2"	1 1/2"	2"
MINIMUM FLOW RATE, (0.06 GPM/FT <sup>2</sup> )	-	-	-	-	-	-
STANDARD FLOW RATE, (0.10 GPM/FT <sup>2</sup> )	6	6	6	6	6	6
RECOMMENDED FLOW RATE, (0.15 GPM/FT <sup>2</sup> )	7	8	7	8	7	7
MAXIMUM FLOW RATE, (10 GPM PER COLLECTOR)	8	12	8	10	8	8

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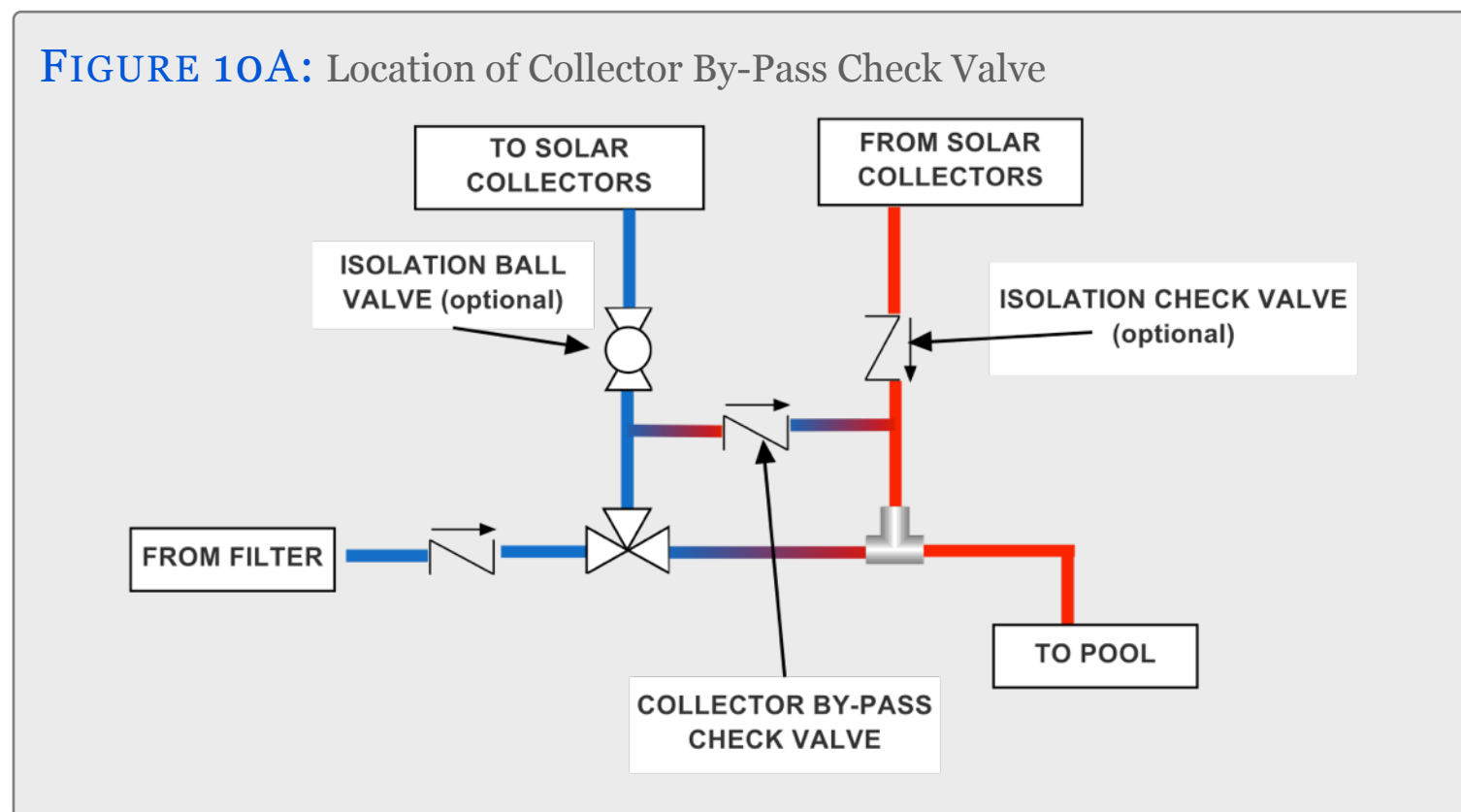
# Optional Isolation Valves

- Isolation valves may be installed in the collector piping so that the pool may be operated while the collectors are being serviced or during freezing weather. Install a manually operated ball valve in the collector inlet line and a check valve on the collector return line.
- For further pre-cautions in warm climates where pools are operated year round and periodic freezes can occur, a bypass line (small diameter tubing) can be located above the ball and check valve so as to prevent any accidental trapping of water in the collectors by the pool owner. To make sure no water is left in the collectors for servicing or during freezes, remember that the pool pump should be shut off, allowing the collectors to drain naturally, before the optional isolation valves are used.
- If the system is installed on a commercial or public pool, local codes may require positive isolation valves in the collector feed and return lines. See [Figure 17 A](#) for the proper placement of the isolation check valve and pressure relief valve.

# Collector By-Pass Check Valve

At high flow rates above the collector's recommendation, the valve would open to by-pass the water and only send the recommended flow rate to the system. This is to relieve stresses on the collector system, the system pump, along with preventing filtration issues.

Refer to [Figure 10A](#).



Return to: [Chapter 3 Home Page](#).

# Special System Layouts

- Use a divided system when installing more than the recommended maximum number of collectors per row, when avoiding roof obstructions, or where limited space dictates. This provides uniform distribution of water through all the collectors. If water distribution through the collectors is non-uniform, the heating capacity of the system will be reduced.
- **WHEN INSTALLING A DIVIDED SYSTEM, THE OUTLET HEADERS FROM EACH OF THE LOWER (OR CLOSEST) ROWS OF COLLECTORS MUST BE CONNECTED TO THE HIGHEST (OR FURTHEST) POINT IN THE SYSTEM.**

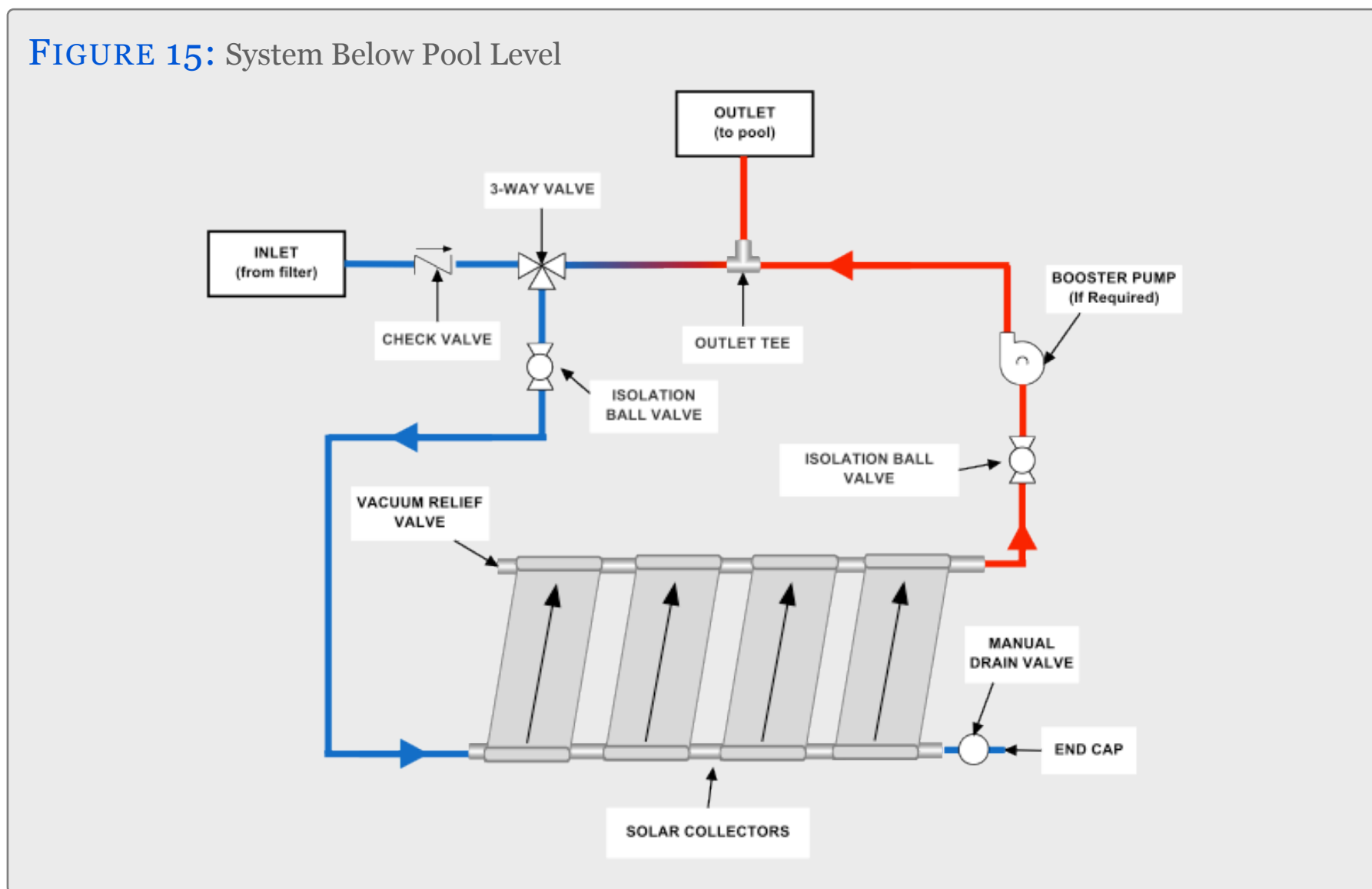
Refer to [Figure 12](#)

- A divided system requires an [Add-A-Row Kit](#) (Part #12043-1 for 1 1/2"; #12043-2 for 2") for each additional row of collectors. This also illustrates the application of the [Row Spacer Kit](#) (Part # 12017-1 for 1 1/2"; #12017-2 for 2") to clear a roof obstruction.

Return to: [Chapter 3 Home Page](#); [Chapter 3-Section 2: Flow Rate](#).

# System Below Pool Level

Refer to [Figure 15](#).



Return to: [Chapter 3 Home Page](#).

# Control Systems



# Contents

1. Manual System
2. Automatic Control System
3. Booster Pump System

# Manual System

- Some systems employ a manual control valve to divert the flow of water thru the solar collectors, though this may reduce the overall heating capacity of the system. A manual control valve usually consists of a non-positively sealed 3-way valve used in place of the motorized valve as shown in [Figure 10](#). Water continuously flows through the solar collectors when the filter pump is on, but can be diverted manually by the pool owner if the pool becomes too warm or during extended cloudy weather. During a threat of freezing conditions it can also be diverted, by first shutting off the pool pump, allowing the collectors to drain, diverting the 3-way manual valve to the “bypass collector” position and shutting the isolation valve on the collector feed line. A lower End Cap on the collectors or any of the connecting hoses can be removed to make sure there is no standing water in the collectors. The filter pump can then be restarted to allow for normal pool filtration.

Refer to [Figure 11](#).

Refer to **Manual Systems Start-Up**.

Return to: **[Chapter 4 Home Page](#)**.

# Automatic Control System

- The performance of a solar pool heating system can be improved with the use of an electronic control and motorized 3-way valve. The control activates the motorized valve and either sends water thru the collectors for heating (or nocturnal cooling) or automatically bypasses the collectors when the pool is warm enough or insufficient sunlight is available. **Refer to the manufacturer's instructions included with the automatic control you use.**
- During normal operation of the system when the 3-way valve is in the 'bypass collector' position all the water in the collectors should drain back through the 3-way valve (non-positively sealed) when the filter pump shuts off. An alternate way to protect against sudden freezes can be accomplished by running a bypass line (1/8"-1/4", 3-6mm) between the collector feed and return line above the isolation valves, if any. It is possible that a small amount of water may be present in the collectors when a non-positively sealed 3-way valve is used and the filter pump is on. If a positively sealed 3-way valve is used, a bypass line as mentioned above is mandatory to allow for collector drainage.

Refer to [Figure 10](#).

Refer to [Automatic Control Systems Start-Up](#).

# Booster Pump System

- In some cases, the pool filter pump may not be able to circulate water at a high enough flow rate to allow for proper collector operation. If so, it may be necessary to replace the filter pump with a larger one or add a booster pump. If the pump size is increased, it may also be necessary to upgrade the filter to one with greater flow ratings.

Refer to [Figure 17](#).

- If the system is installed on a commercial or public pool, local codes may require positive isolation valves in the collector feed and return lines. See [Figure 17 A](#) for the proper placement of the isolation check valve and pressure relief valve.

# Other Equipment

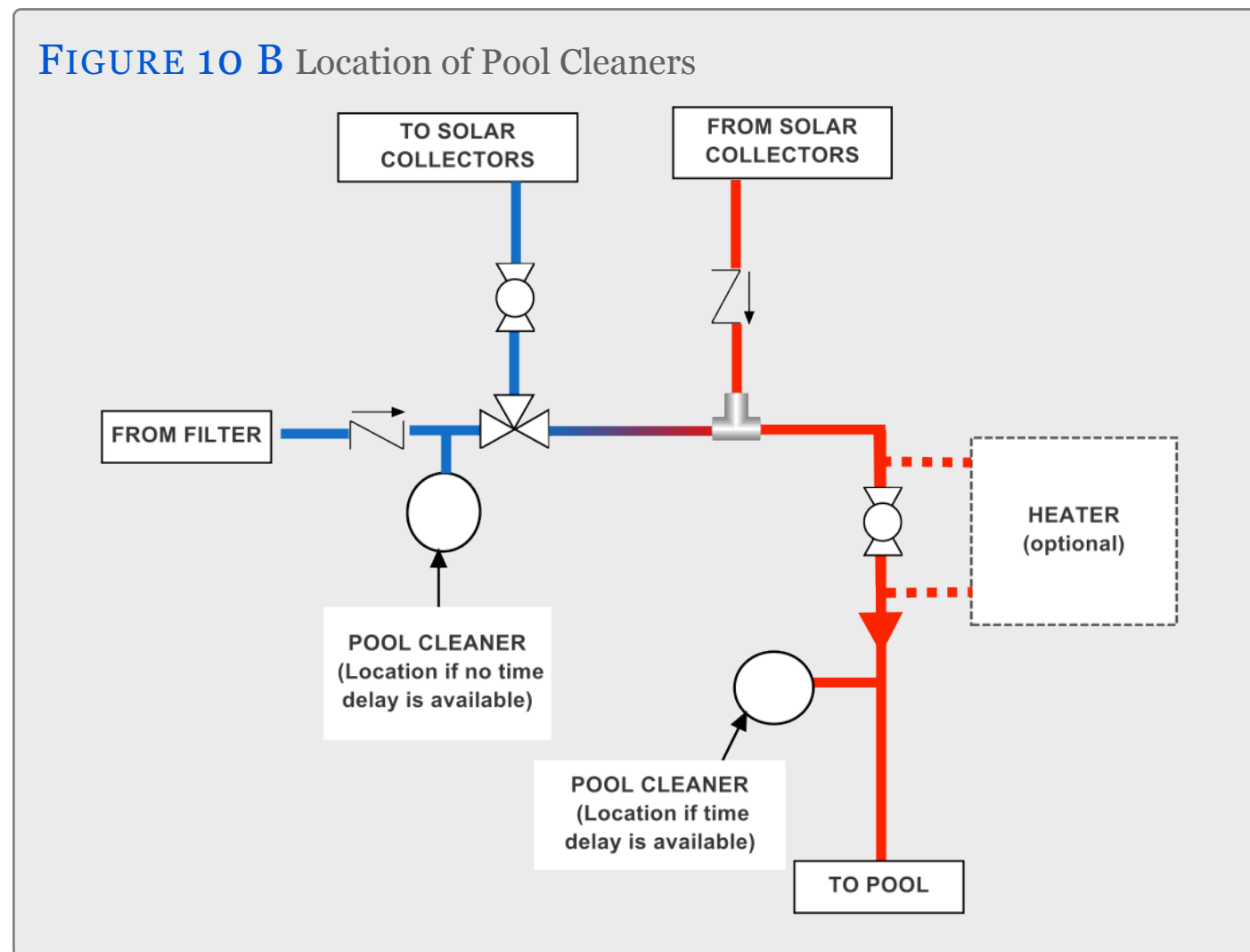
# Contents

- 1.Pool Cleaners
- 2.Chlorinators/ Salt Generators
- 3.Supplemental Heaters

# Pool Cleaners

Some pools employ an automatic pool cleaner. This should be plumbed before the control valve to assure positive flow to the cleaner at all times. Unless the central system has a cleaner time delay.

Refer to [Figure 10B](#).



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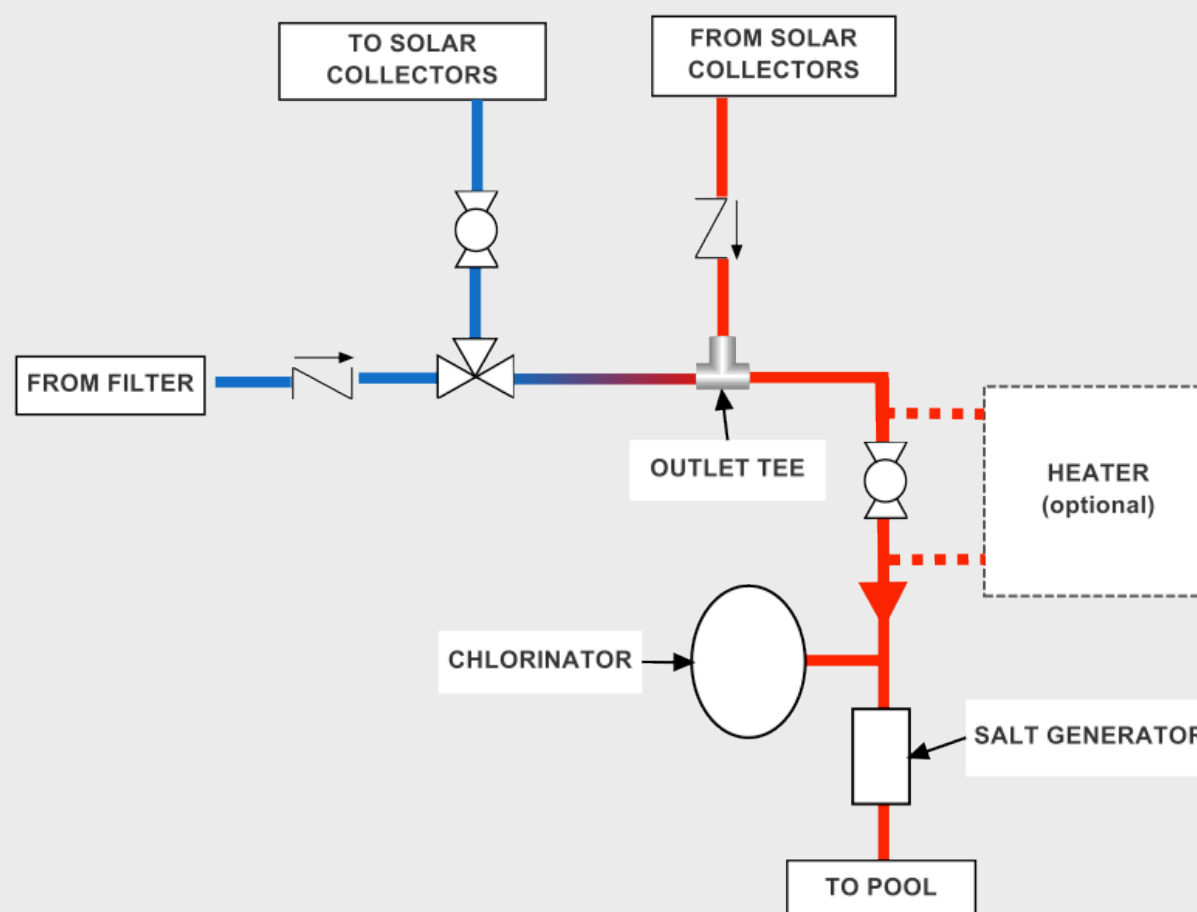


# Chlorinators/Salt Generators

If the pool uses an automatic chlorinator, this should be plumbed after the outlet tee on the return to the pool.

Refer to [Figure 10 C](#).

**FIGURE 10 C** Location of Chlorinator and Salt Generator



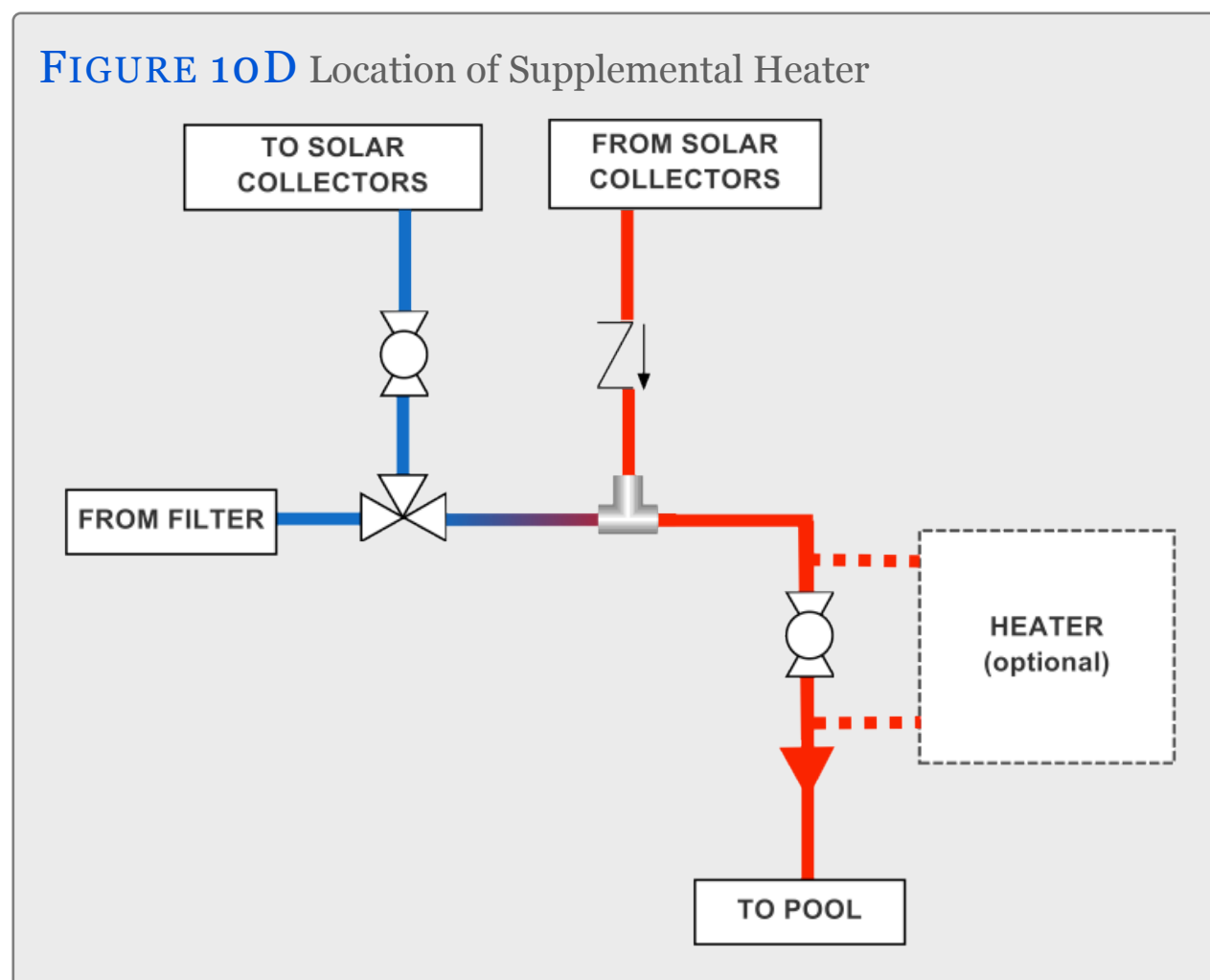
Return to: [Chapter 5 Home Page](#).

# Supplemental Heaters

## Supplemental Gas, Oil-Fired, or Electric Heaters

- It is desirable to pipe the standby heater in a bypass loop. Refer to [Figure 10](#), [Figure 11](#), or [Figure 17](#). Fuel-fired heaters often create a large pressure drop. By placing a heater in a bypass loop, pump size, and electrical energy requirements may be reduced.

Refer to [Figure 10D](#).



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# System Start-Up, Testing, and Troubleshooting

# Contents

1. Manual Control Systems
2. Automatic Control Systems
3. Vacuum Relief Valve Test
4. Flow Rates Test Methods

# Manual Control Systems

- To test collector operation, follow either the flow-rate or temperature-rise procedure. Divert water through the collectors. Turn on the pump and either observe flow rate or temperature rise. The flow rate or temperature rise would be the same as that specified in the “System Start-Up and Test” section. If it is not, then check for the indicated probable causes and make necessary corrections.

Refer to [Manual Control Systems Overview](#).

Return to: [Chapter 6 Home Page](#).

# Automatic Control Systems

- To check out an automatic system for proper operation turn on the filter system. Set the temperature control to its highest level. Switch the control to the “Manual ON” mode. The “Heating” or “Solar ON” light should come on. The 3 way valve will then be sending water thru the collectors, and air will be purged out of the collectors into the pool return line for several minutes, and should then clear. The collectors should feel uniformly cool to the touch. Switch the control to the “Manual OFF” mode. The corresponding light will go off and the 3 way valve will be sending water directly back to the pool, bypassing the solar collectors. After about 5-10 minutes, feel the solar collectors again. They should have begun to warm up. Now switch to “Auto” or “Solar Enabled”. If the sun is still shining on the solar collectors, the “Heating” or “Solar ON” light should go on again. Adjust the temperature control lower.
- When you reach the actual temperature of the pool water, the light will turn off. The “Heating” or “Solar ON” light will go off again. Move the temperature control to the desired comfort level. The “Heating” or “Solar ON” light will go back on. For more detailed information on the system startup, trouble shooting and valve/control installation, follow the manufacturers’ instructions included with the automatic control system.

Refer to [Automatic Control System Overview](#).

Return to: [Chapter 6 Home Page](#).

# Vacuum Relief Valve Test

- When the solar system is first turned on, air in the collectors will be expelled into the pool and bubbles will appear. The appearance of bubbles in the pool should stop after a few minutes.
- If, after a few minutes, bubbles continue to be discharged at the return to the pool, remove the Vacuum Relief Valve(s) and replace it with an End Cap. Relocate a Vacuum Relief Valve to a position in the inlet piping which is at a height of approximately 3/4 of the elevation of the collectors above the pool. Refer to [Figure 2](#).
- A quicker alternate method is to first try to reverse the End Cap and the Vacuum Relief Valve on the collector array to see if this stops the bubbles in the return lines. This is a lot quicker than cutting in a tee in the supply pipe.



# Flow Rates Test Methods

## 1. Touch Method

- With the system running and the sun shining, all collectors of the system should be uniformly cool to the touch, and the system will be operating at optimum performance.
- If the system has been installed according to these instructions, and the collectors connected for diagonal flow with the reverse return principle, this optimum performance condition will now exist. Systems with rows of collectors of unequal size, but fitted with balancing valves, may now be adjusted. Open all balancing valves completely and let the system run for several minutes. The row(s) which feel(s) warmer to the touch than the other(s), is currently receiving less flow than it should for optimum performance. Throttle the valve(s) of the other (cooler) row(s) step-by-step, each time waiting for a few minutes, and check the temperature. Once all rows feel uniformly cool, the system is balanced and operates at optimum performance. Should unexpected problems be encountered, the flow rate must be checked out more thoroughly.

## 2. Flowmeter

- The preferred system test method is flow rate. This is also the easiest and quickest method. To check flow rate, install a flow meter in the inlet line to the collectors (follow installation instructions provided with the flowmeter).

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# Flow Rates Test Methods Cont.

## 3. Temperature Rise Test Method

- An alternate test method is temperature rise. To prepare the system for testing, obtain two accurate thermometers. One of these thermometers is installed in the outlet line from the collectors as shown in [Figure 10](#). The other is used to check the temperature of the pool water, to compare it with that of the water leaving the solar collectors. Before installing the thermometer in the outlet line, immerse both thermometers in the pool water for several minutes to compare the temperature readings. If they are not identical, make a notation of the difference and add or subtract (as appropriate) this difference to or from the reading taken while you are testing. This is necessary in order to provide an accurate indication of the temperature rise of the water passing through the solar collectors.
- Turn the pump on and move the flow switch to the “Manual ON” position. Observe valve action...it should divert water through the collectors. After flow through the collectors has continued for a least fifteen minutes, compare the pool water temperature with the temperature of the water flowing through the outlet line. On an average sunny day, with the air temperature approximately 70°F (40°C) the water leaving the collectors should be 1° to 7°F (1° to 4°C) higher than that in the pool. If the water rise is greater than this, insufficient water is flowing through the collectors. This may be caused by a clogged filter, undersized piping, too many elbows in the piping or an inadequate pump. It is important that the temperature rise through the collectors be kept as low as possible in order to deliver the maximum amount of heat to the pool.

Return to: [Chapter 6 Home Page](#).

# Maintenance

# Contents

1. Cold Weather Operation/ Winterizing Procedures
2. Annual Inspection

# Cold Weather Operation/Winterizing Procedures

- If installed according to this manual, the solar collectors should drain automatically each time the pump cycles off. There are no special requirements for winterizing the solar collectors. The pool piping should be winterized as per your normal practice.
- In some parts of the world, pool owners operate their pools throughout the winter although light freezing conditions may occur. The accepted procedure for avoiding freezing of the pool piping and filtration system has been to continuously circulate the water.
- When solar heaters are used on a pool under these conditions, anti-freeze precautions should be taken. ELM Distribution collectors are not normally affected by 40°F freezing. In order to protect the collectors as well as appurtenant components such as End Caps and pipe fittings and against unusual or severe freezing conditions, one of the following two procedures should be followed when freezing weather is imminent.
  1. Turn circulating system off and allow solar collectors and piping to drain. Isolate collectors with gate or ball valve in collector feed line and a check valve in the collector return line. Switch the solar control to “OFF” or “Solar Disabled”. The pool filtering system may then be turned back on. When freezing conditions have passed, open isolation valve(s) and switch the solar control to “AUTO” or “Solar Enabled”.
  2. If isolation valves are not installed in the system, switch the solar control to the “Manual ON” position so that water circulates through the collectors. When freezing conditions have passed, switch the solar control to “AUTO” or “Solar Enabled”. **THIS METHOD IS NOT RECOMMENDED WHERE TEMPERATURE LEVELS MAY DROP SEVERELY.**

Return to: [Chapter 7 Home Page](#).

# Annual Inspection

## **Annual Service Collector Clamps:**

- In particularly hot climates the clamps which are used to connect the solar collectors may become loose. If you notice leaks around the hose couplings, use a nutdriver to tighten clamps. Do not tighten to the extent that the pipe collapses or the clamp gears strip.

Return to: [Chapter 7 Home Page](#).

# Collector Repair



# Contents

1. Repair Plug
2. Screw Method

# Repair Plug

The following instructions are for using [Collector Repair Plug](#), Part # 30143, in order to stop a leak in a collector. Each leaking tube will require two plugs.

- Locate the leak and mark the tube to be plugged.
- With the pump turned off; using a sharp cutting tool, cut a 1” section out of the tube approximately 2” away from the header. Repeat on the opposite side of the tube. **NOTE: CUT AWAY FROM THE HEADER REMOVING THE TOP HALF OF THE TUBE. BE CAREFUL NOT TO CUT ADJACENT TUBES.**
- Wet the cut out area of the tube and the plug with water. **DO NOT USE A LUBRICANT.**
- Insert the plug towards the header, narrow side first, use a #0 Phillips Head Screwdriver to completely insert the plug into the tube. Remove Screw Driver with a twisting motion. Repeat this process with the second plug on the opposite side of the collector.
- After both plugs have been inserted; test that a seal had been achieved by turning the system on.

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# Screw Method

This method allows for an easy and permanent on site repair of a collector if the leak is at the header where the riser tube is welded to the header, or a leak is anywhere in the riser tube if the system is located in areas experiencing frost.

- Using a sharp utility knife, very carefully cut away approximately 1” of the tube at both headers.
- Drive a #10 - #12 sheet metal screw, preferably stainless, into the hole in the header.
- The screw must be between 1/2” and 3/4” long. **DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN!**
- If the screw strips out, or if the repair leaks, use a larger screw. This repair method will not void the collector warranty.

Refer to [Figure 16](#).

# Appendix

# Contents

[Figure 1](#): Mounting Components Diagram

[Figure 2](#): Assembly on Roof Diagram

[Figure 3](#): Outlet Header Bracket Location

[Figure 4](#): Outlet Header Bracket Sealant

[Figure 5](#): Installed Outlet Header Bracket with Hose

[Figure 6](#): Strap Bracket

[Figure 7](#): Termination Strap Bracket Assembly

[Figure 8](#): Termination Strap Bracket Assembly

[Figure 9](#): Strap Bracket with Strap

[Figure 10](#): Automatic Plumbing System Schematic

[Figure 10A](#): Location of Collector By-Pass Check Valve

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[Figure 11](#): Manual Plumbing System Schematic

[Figure 12](#): Multiple Arrays Plumbed in Parallel

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[Figure 16](#): Collector Repair

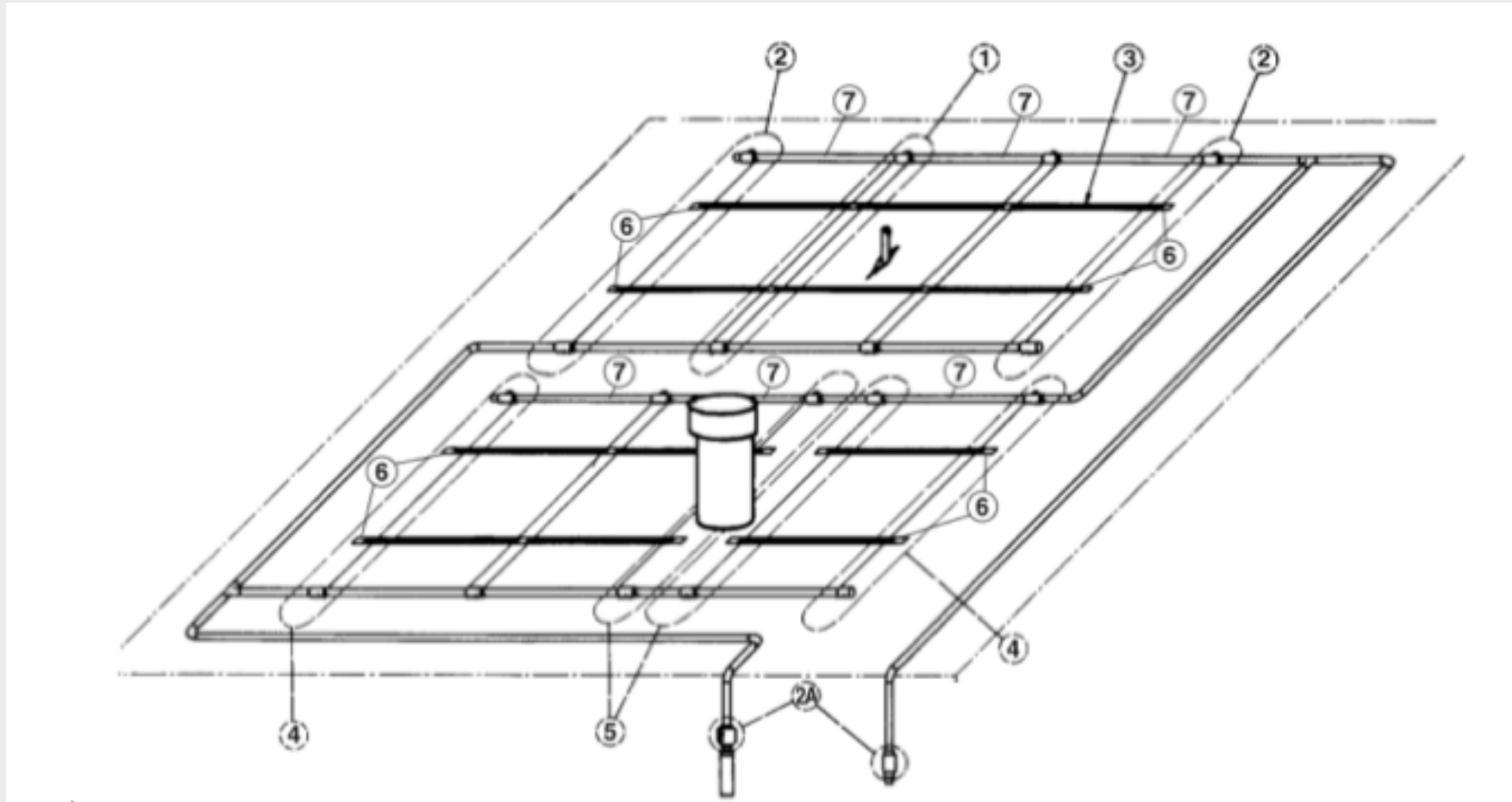
[Figure 17](#): Booster Pump System for Outdoor Pools

[Figure 17A](#): Location of Optional Isolation Valves

[Figure 18](#): High Wind Area Additional Strap Bracket Locations

# Figure 1: Mounting Components Diagram

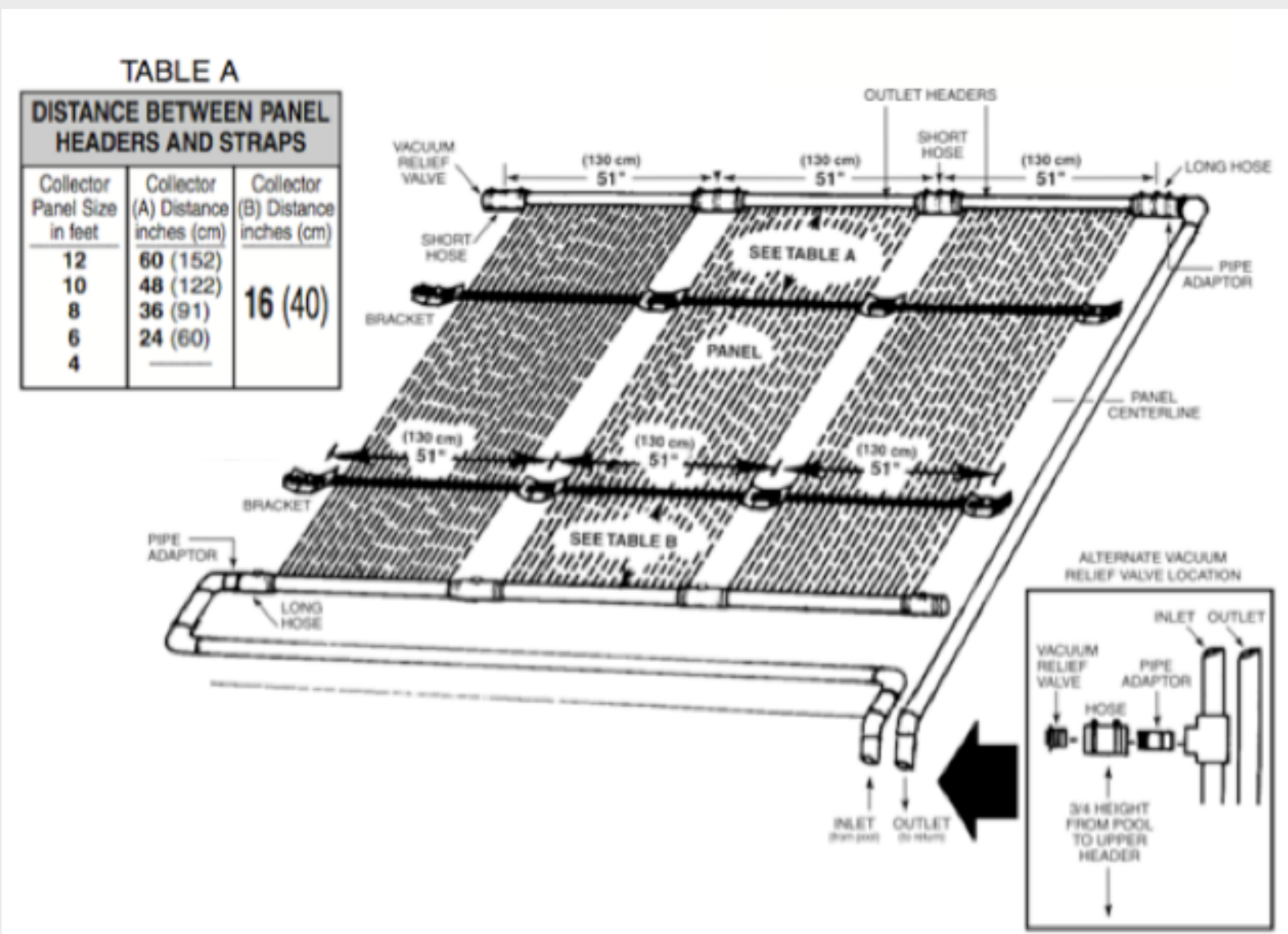
FIGURE 1 Mounting Components Diagram



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# Figure 2: Assembly on Roof Diagram

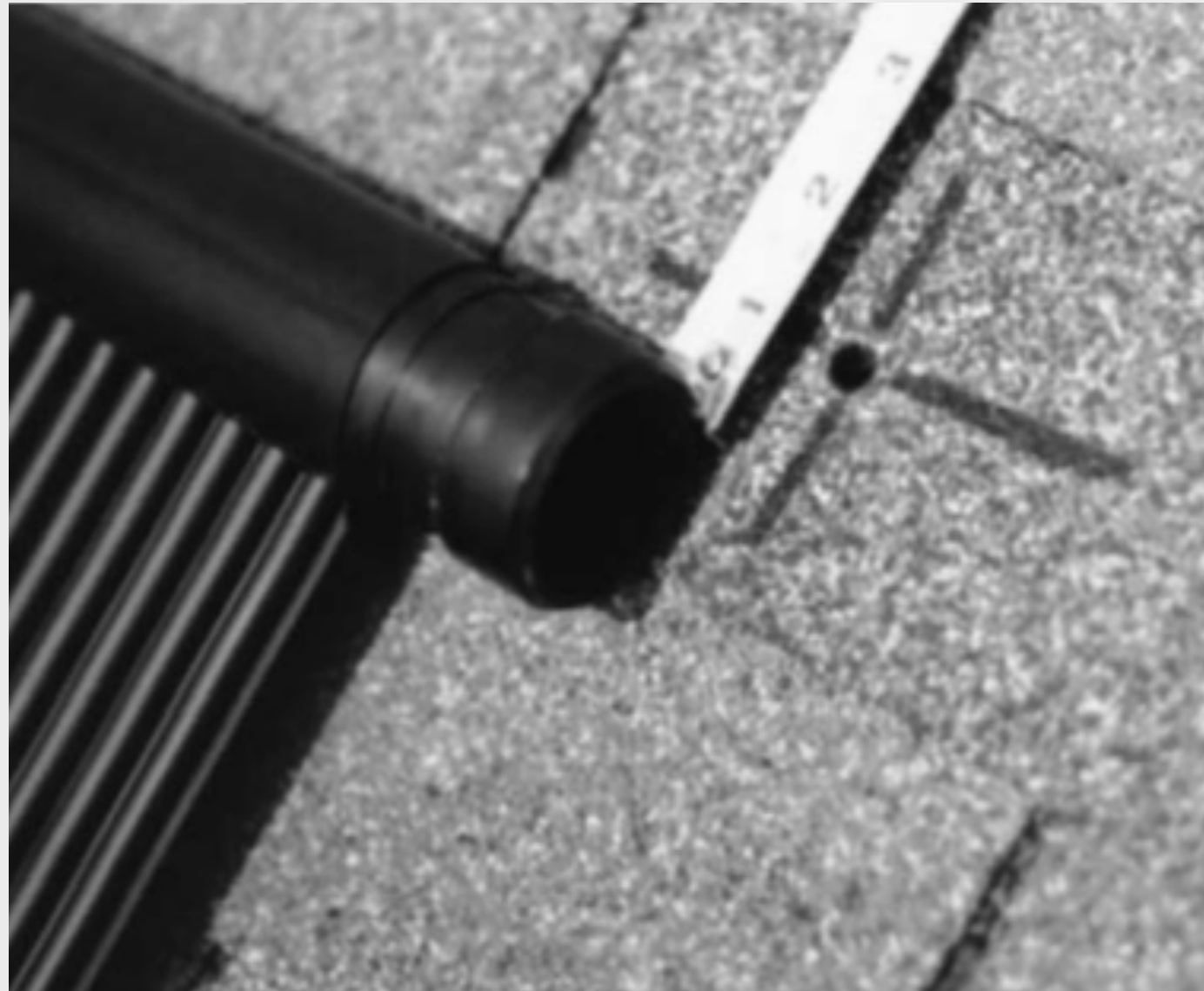
FIGURE 2 Assembly on Roof Diagram



Return to: [Mounting the Solar Collectors Overview](#); [Step Four](#); [Step Five](#); [Step Ten](#); [Step Eleven](#); [Vacuum Relief Valve Test](#); [Appendix Contents](#).

## Figure 3: Outlet Header Bracket Location

**FIGURE 3** Outlet Header Bracket Location

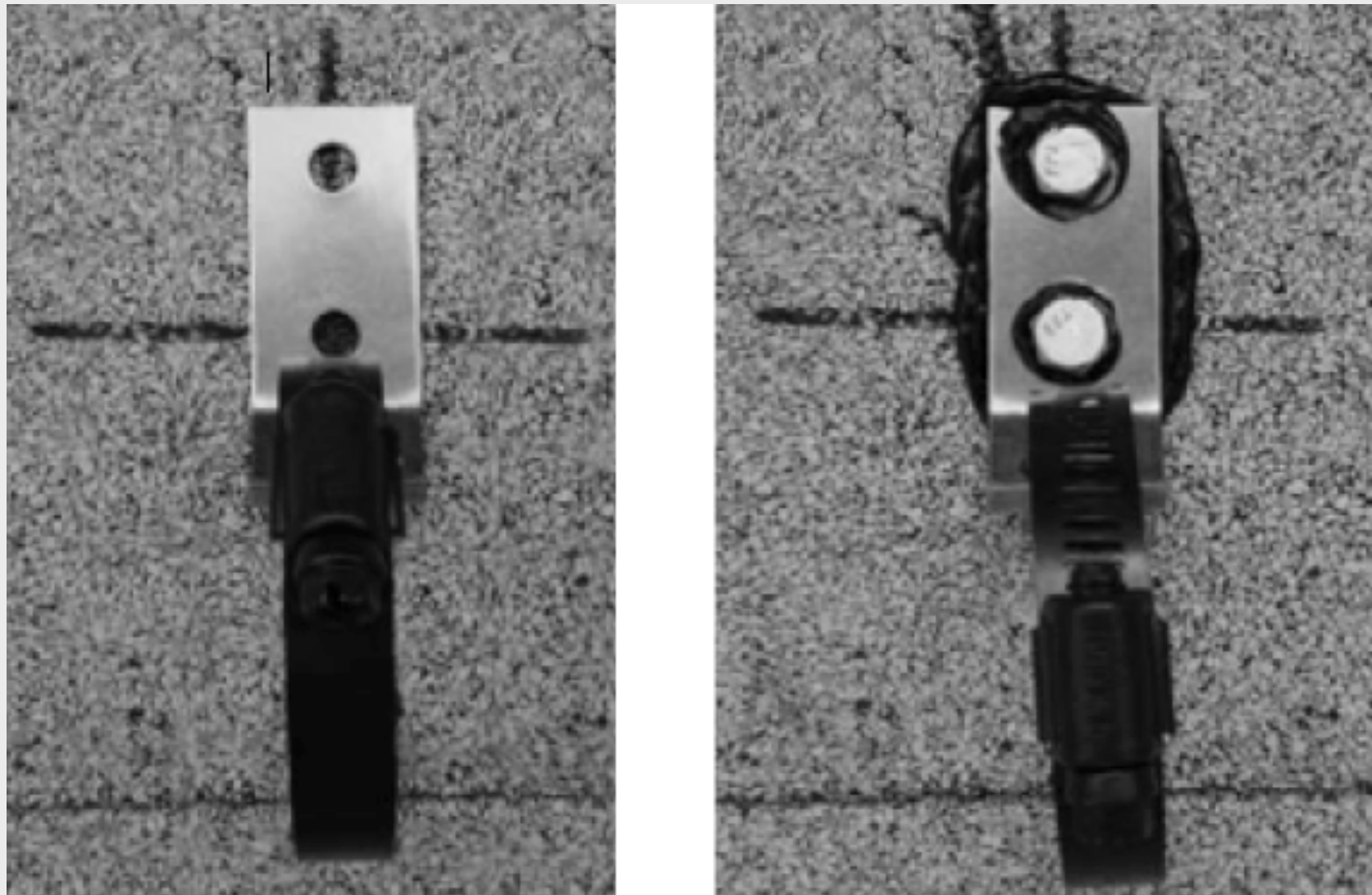


Return to: [Step One](#); [Appendix Contents](#).



## Figure 4: Outlet Header Bracket Sealant

**FIGURE 4** Outlet Header Bracket Sealant



Return to: [Step Three; Appendix Contents.](#)

## Figure 5: Installed Outlet Header Bracket with Hose

**FIGURE 5** Installed Outlet Header Bracket with Hose



Return to: [Step Six](#); [Appendix Contents](#).

## Figure 6: Hold-Down Strap Bracket

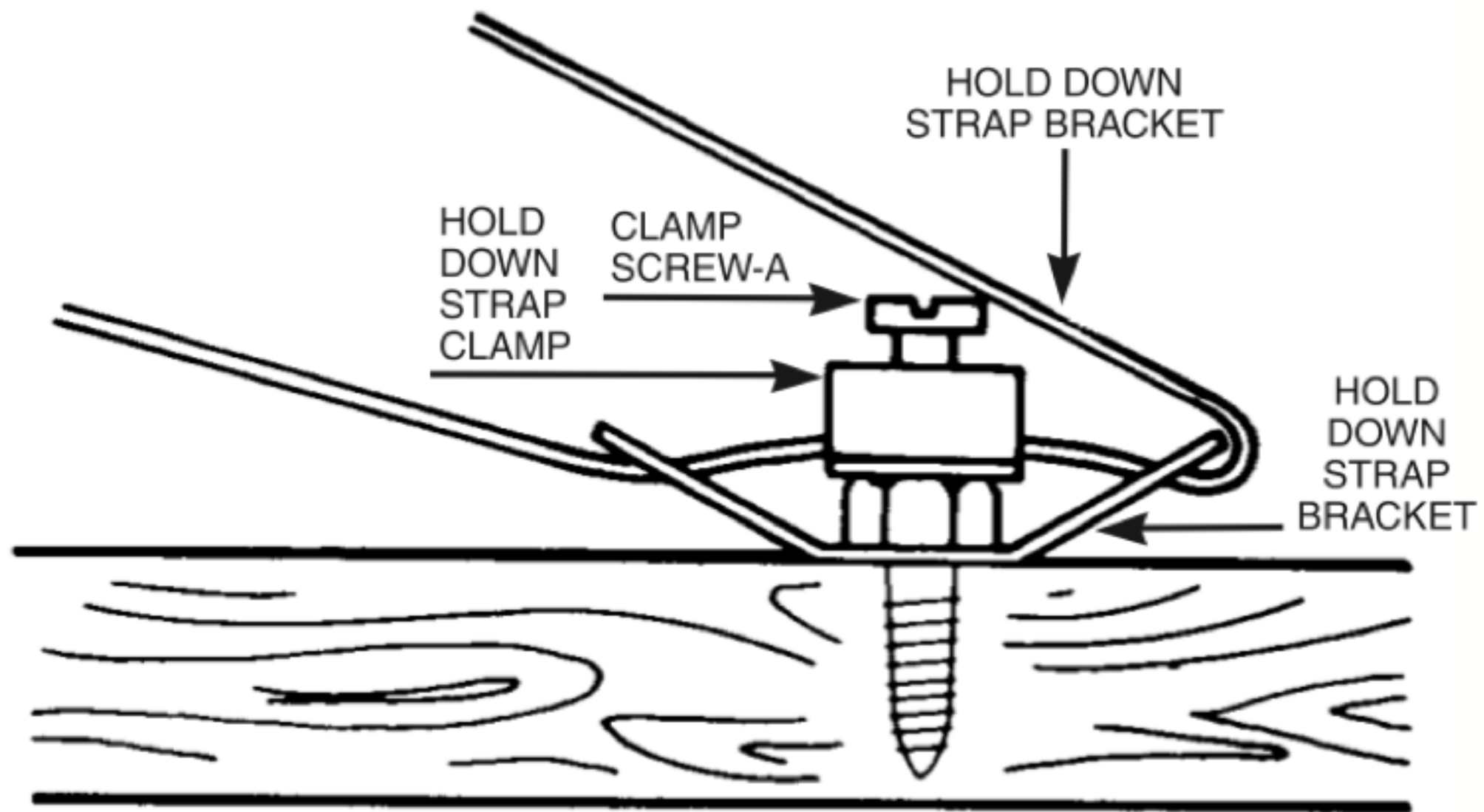
**FIGURE 6** Hold-Down Strap Bracket



Return to: [Step Eight](#); [Appendix Contents](#).

## Figure 7: Termination Strap Bracket Assembly

**FIGURE 7** Termination Strap Bracket Assembly

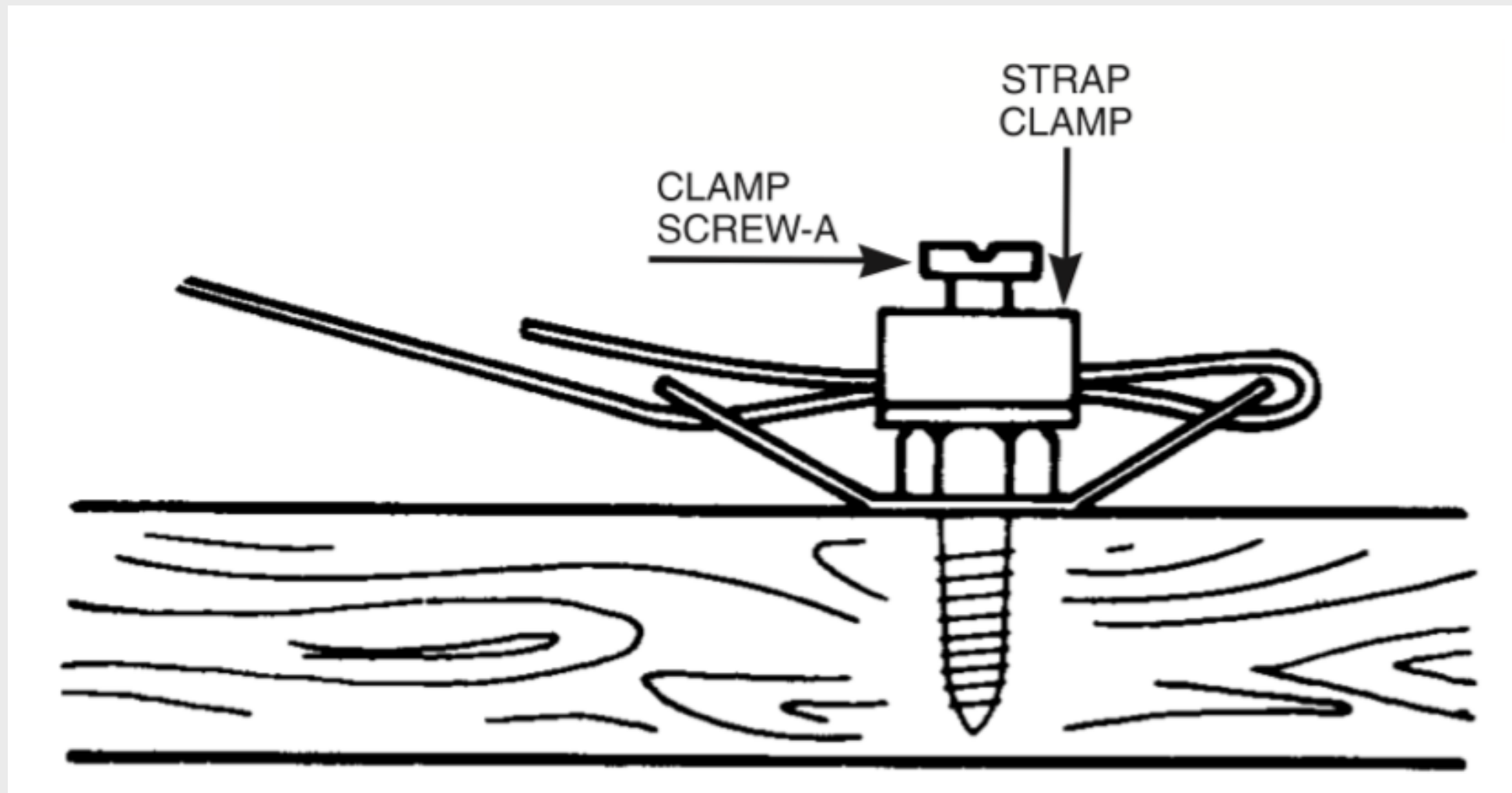


Return to: [Step Nine](#); [Appendix Contents](#).



## Figure 8: Termination Strap Bracket Assembly

FIGURE 8 Termination Strap Bracket Assembly



Return to: [Step Nine](#); [Appendix Contents](#).

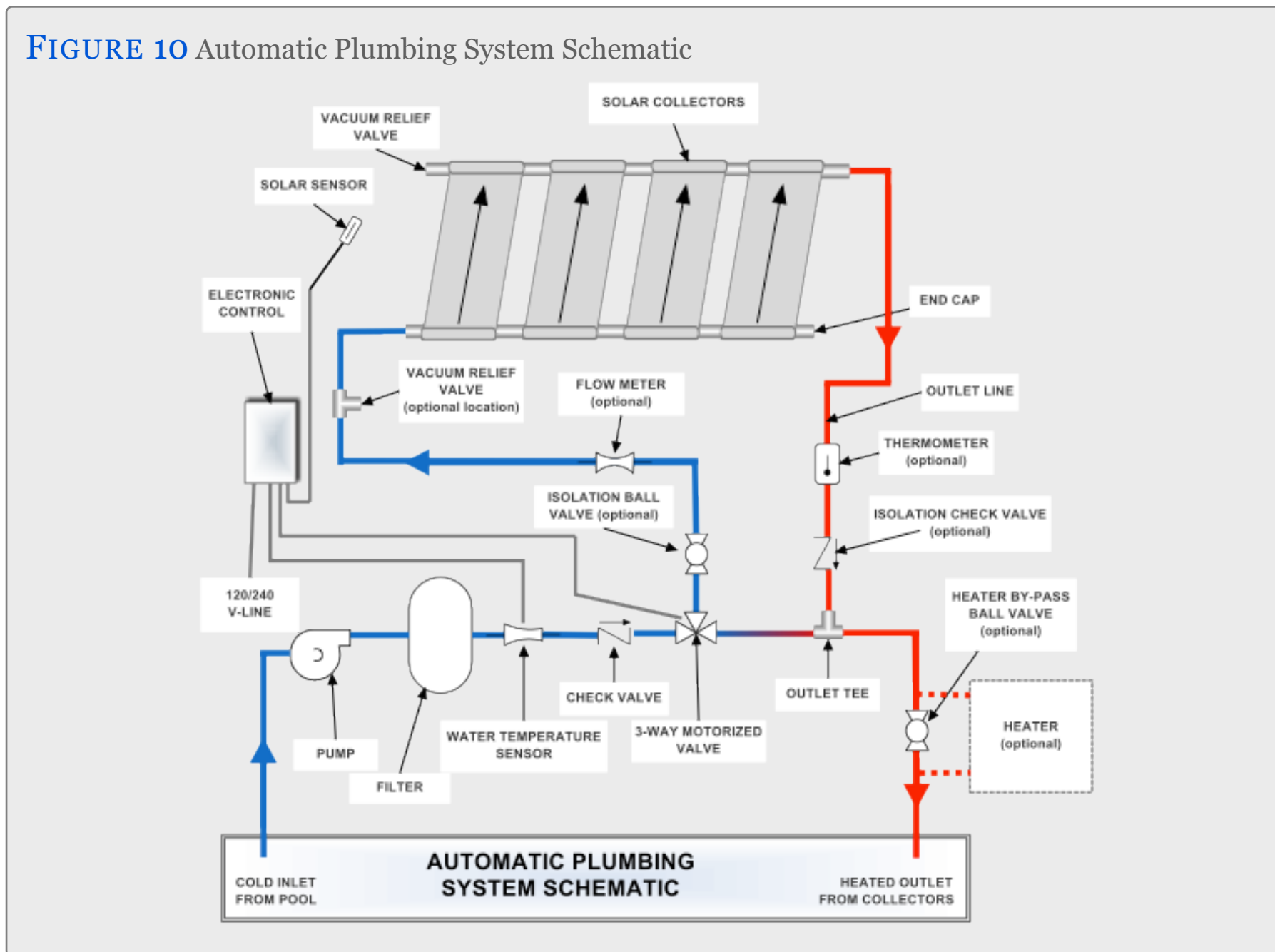
## Figure 9: Strap Bracket with Strap

**FIGURE 9** Strap Bracket with Strap



Return to: [Step Nine](#); [Appendix Contents](#).

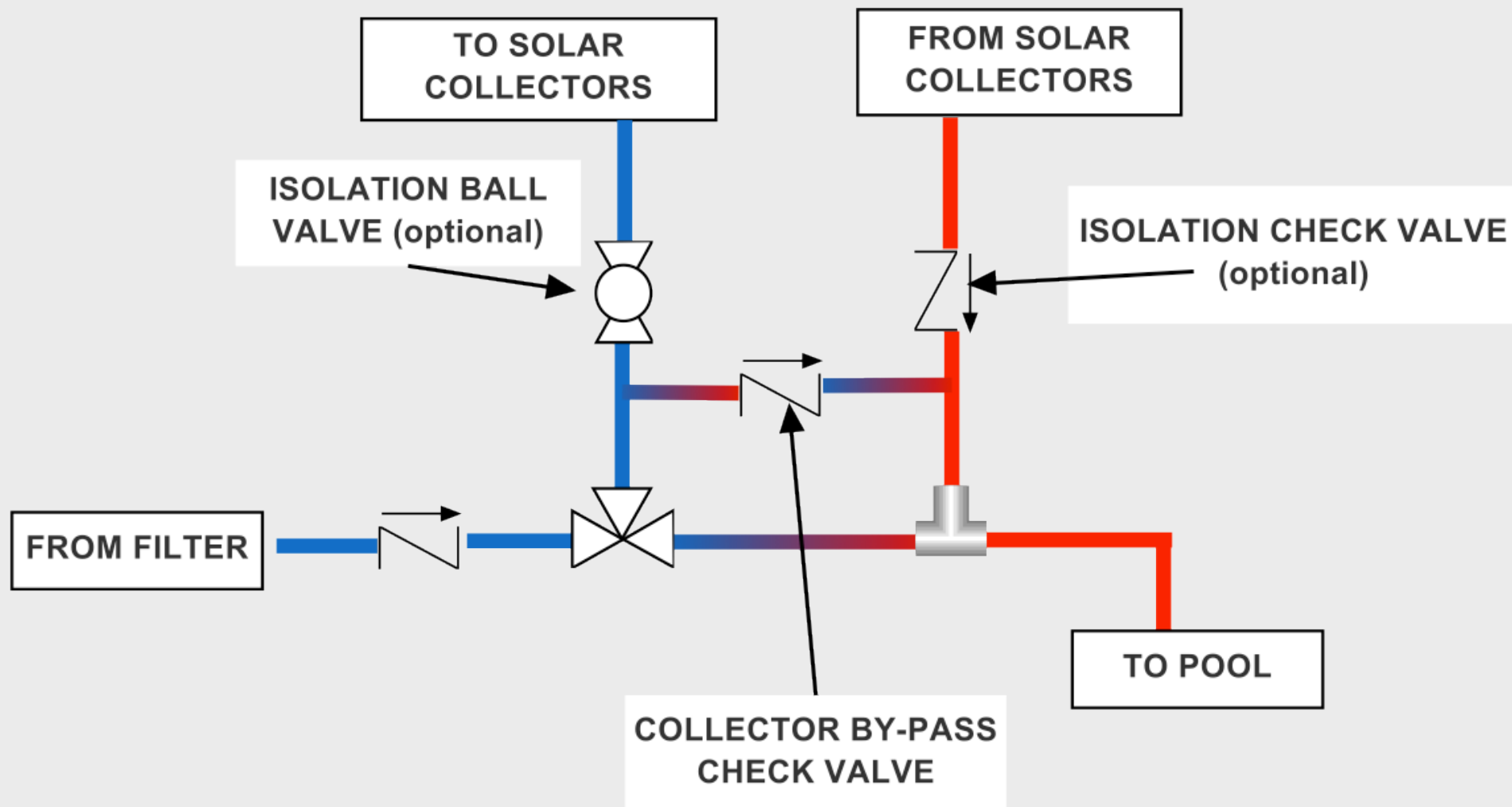
## Figure 10: Automatic Plumbing System Schematic



Return to: [Step Ten](#); [Step Eleven](#); [System Piping](#); [Manual Systems](#); [Automatic Systems](#); [Supplemental Heaters](#); [Flow Rates Test Methods Cont.](#); [Appendix Contents](#).

## Figure 10 A: Location of Collector By-Pass Check Valve

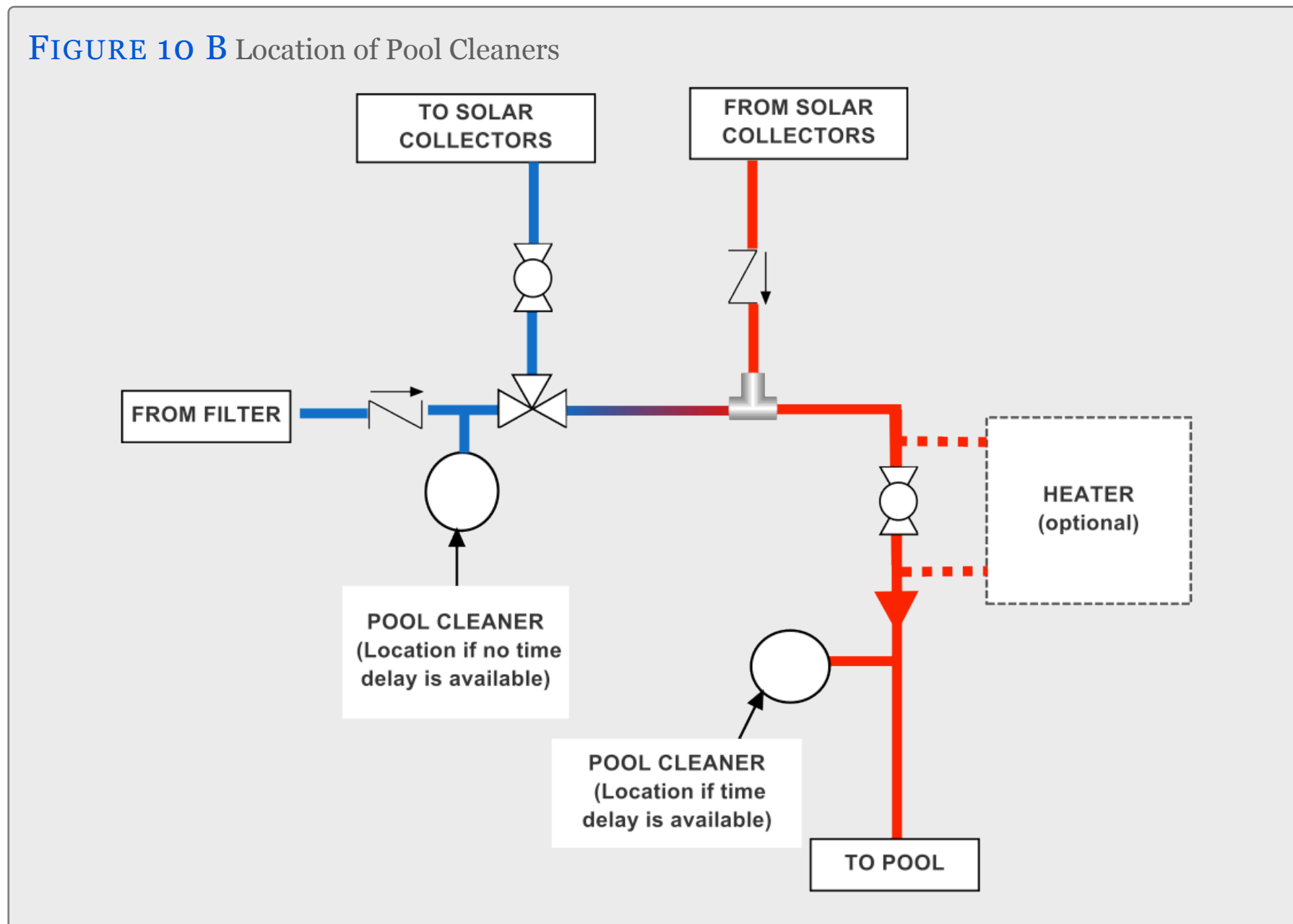
**FIGURE 10 A** Location of Collector By-Pass Check Valve



Return to: [Collector By-Pass Valve; Appendix Contents.](#)

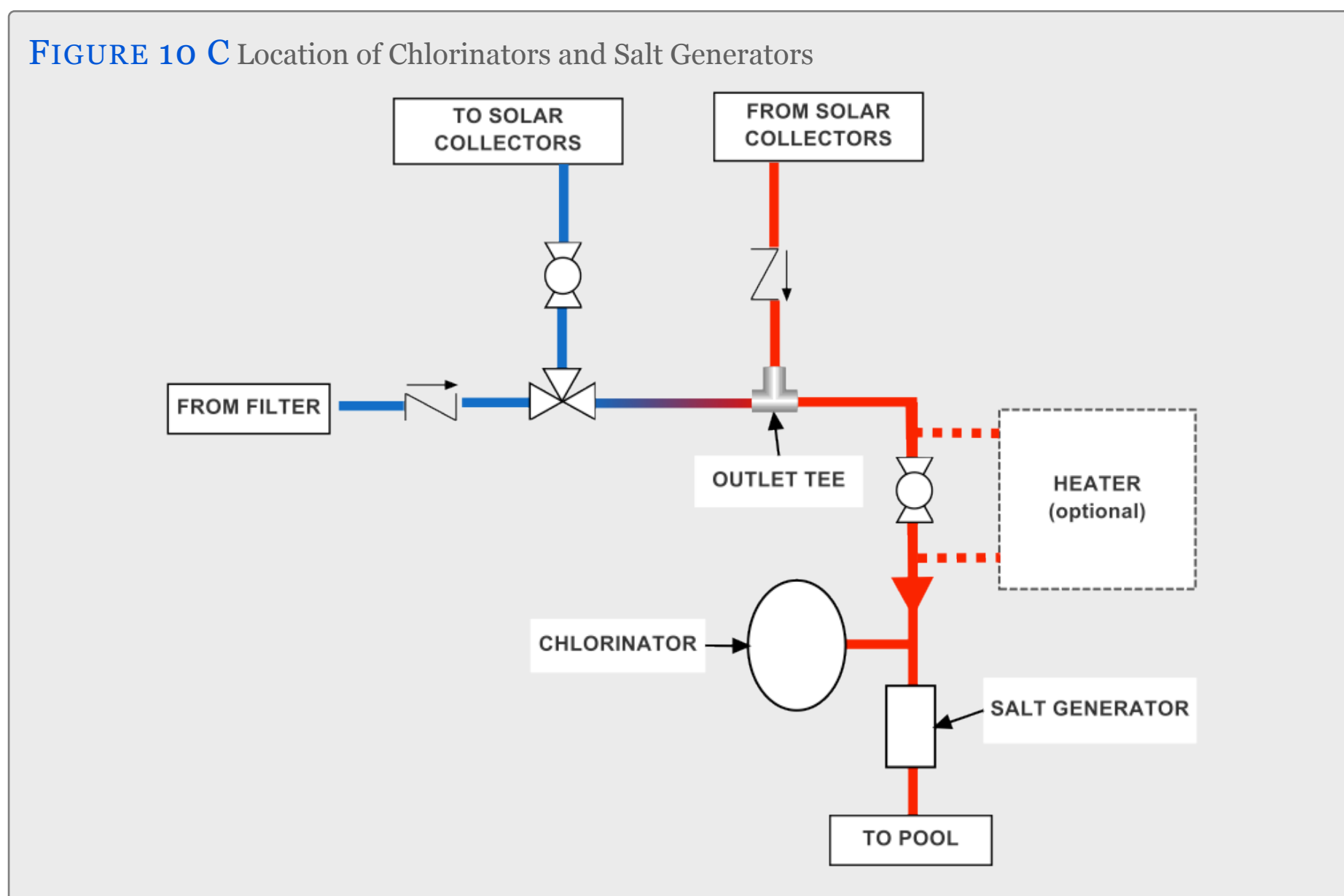


## Figure 10 B: Location of Pool Cleaners



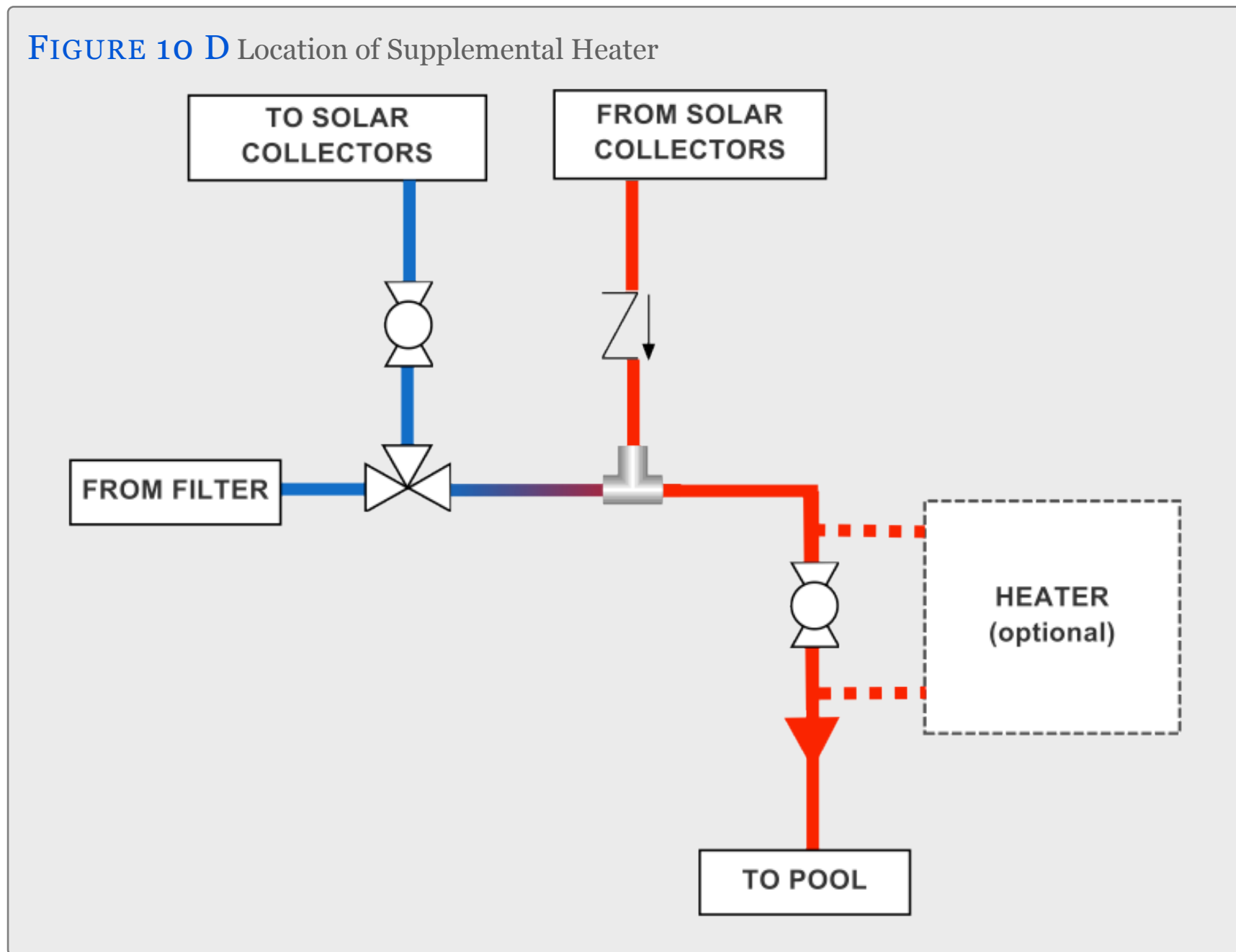
Return to: [Pool Cleaners; Appendix Contents.](#)

## Figure 10 C: Location of Chlorinators and Salt Generators



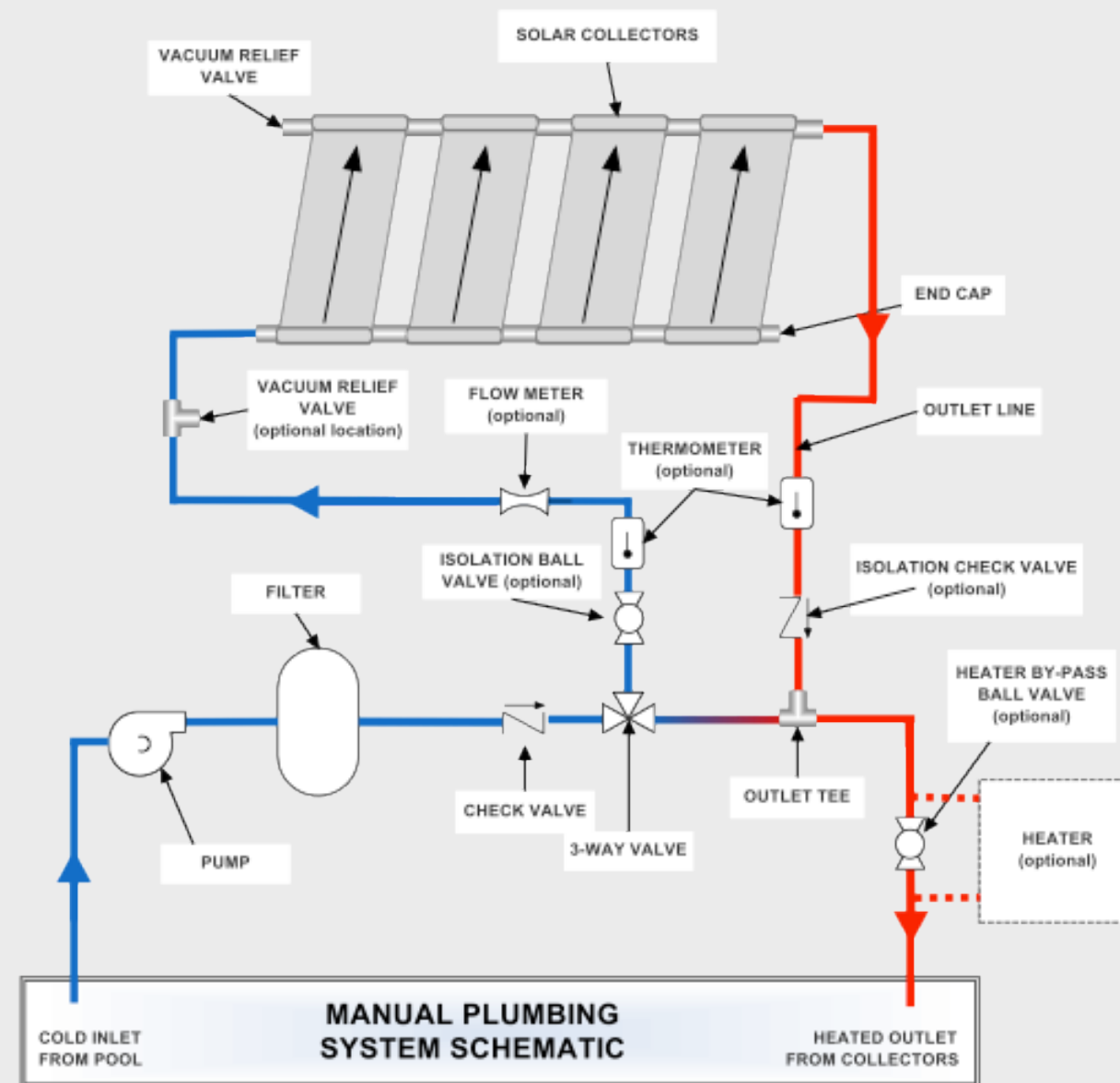
Return to: [Chlorinators/Salt Generators; Appendix Contents.](#)

## Figure 10 D: Location of Supplemental Heater



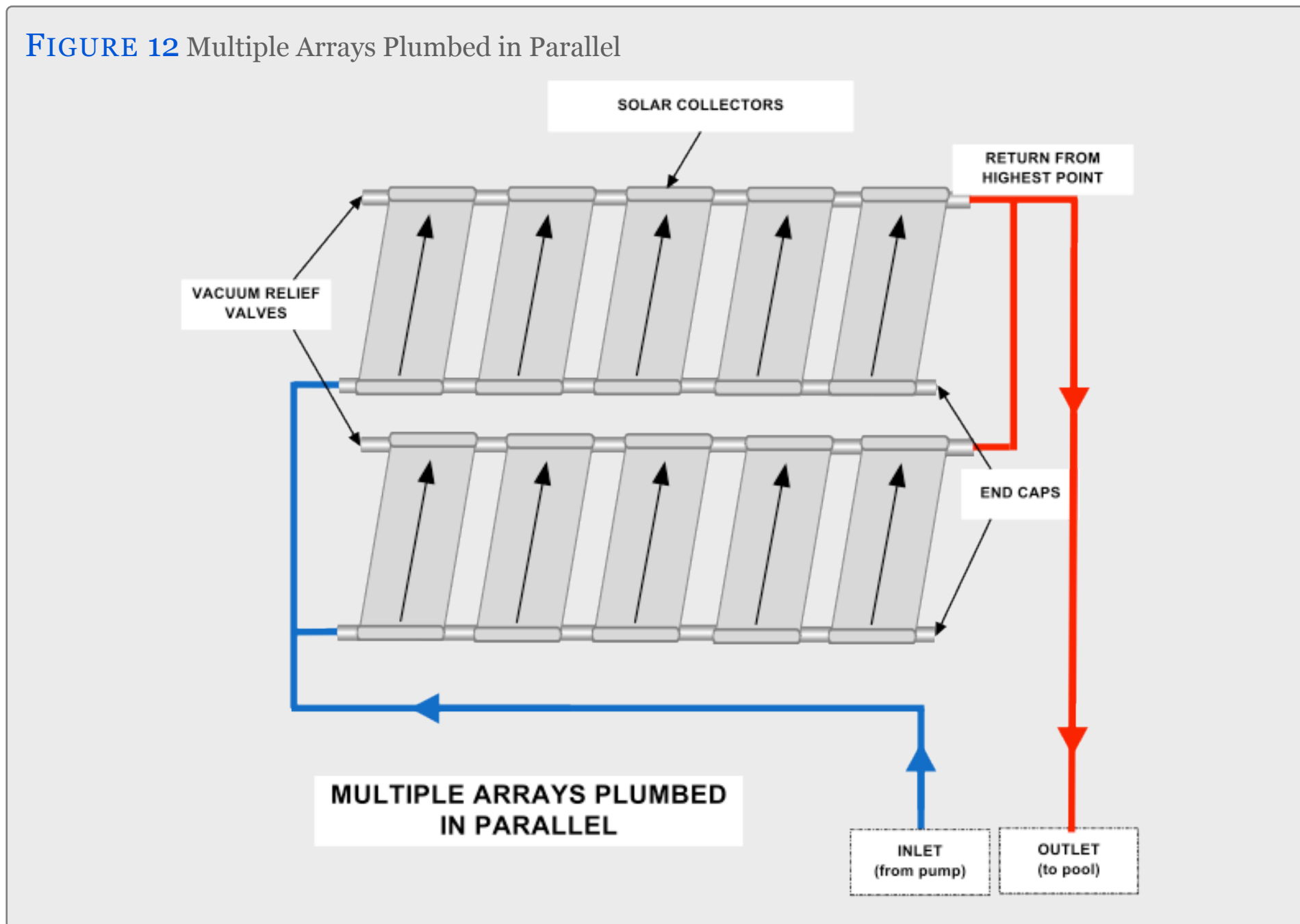
# Figure 11: Manual Plumbing System Schematic

**FIGURE 11** Manual Plumbing System Schematic



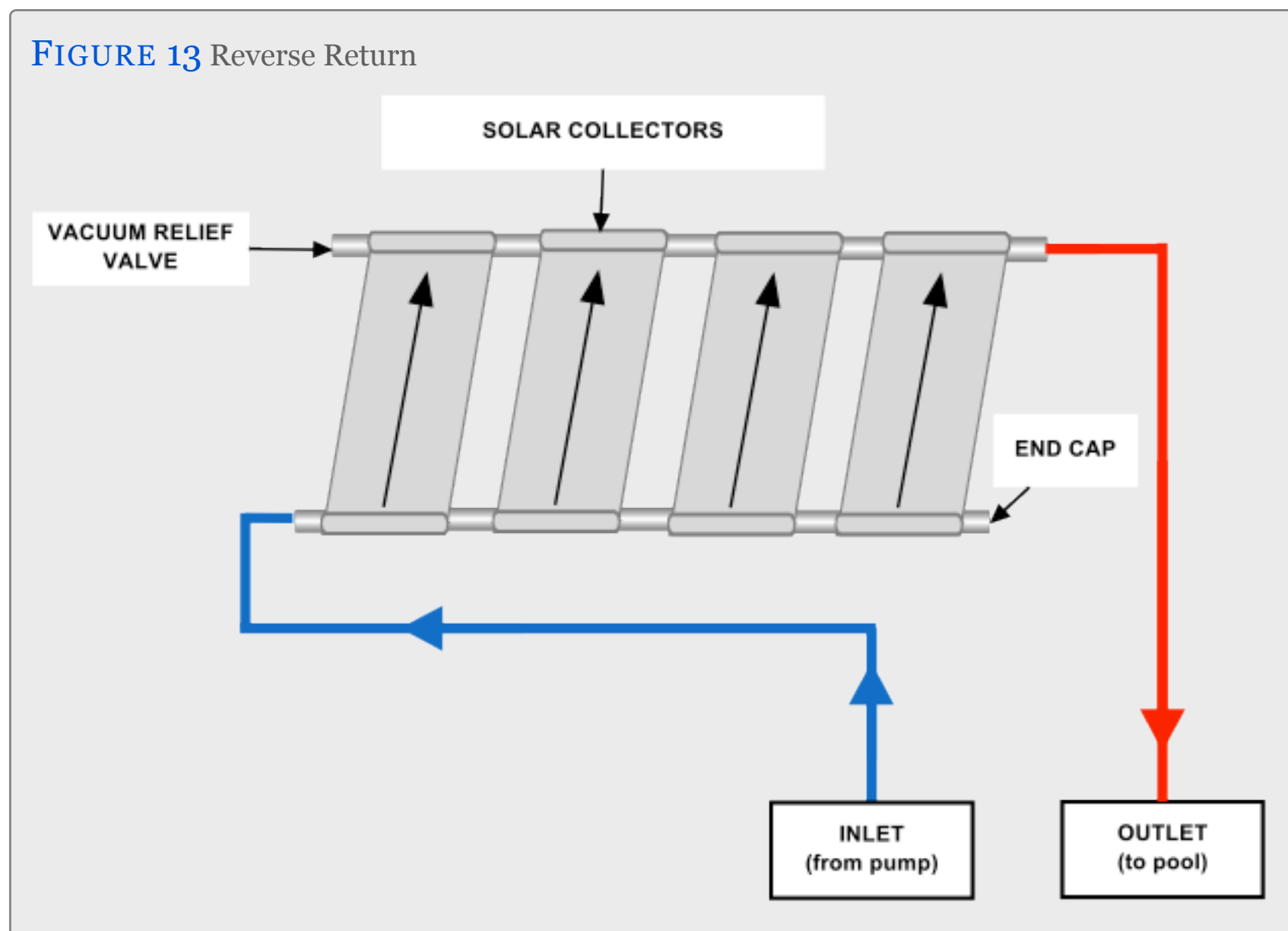
Return to: [Step Ten](#); [Step Eleven](#); [System Piping](#); [Manual Systems](#); [Supplemental Heaters](#); [Appendix Contents](#).

## Figure 12: Multiple Arrays Plumbed in Parallel



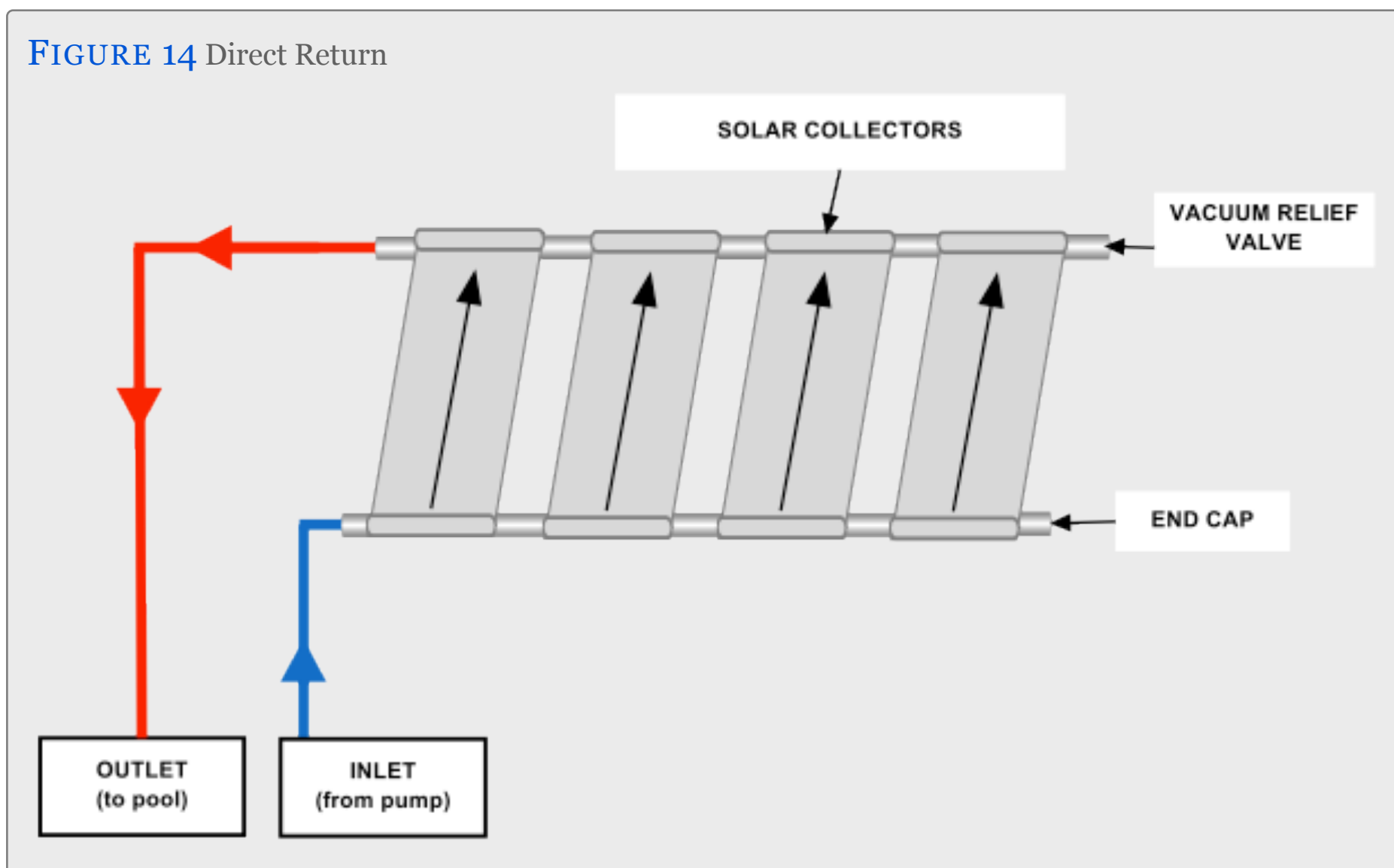
Return to: [Step Ten](#); [Step Eleven](#); [System Piping](#); [Special System Layouts](#); [Appendix Contents](#).

## Figure 13: Reverse Return



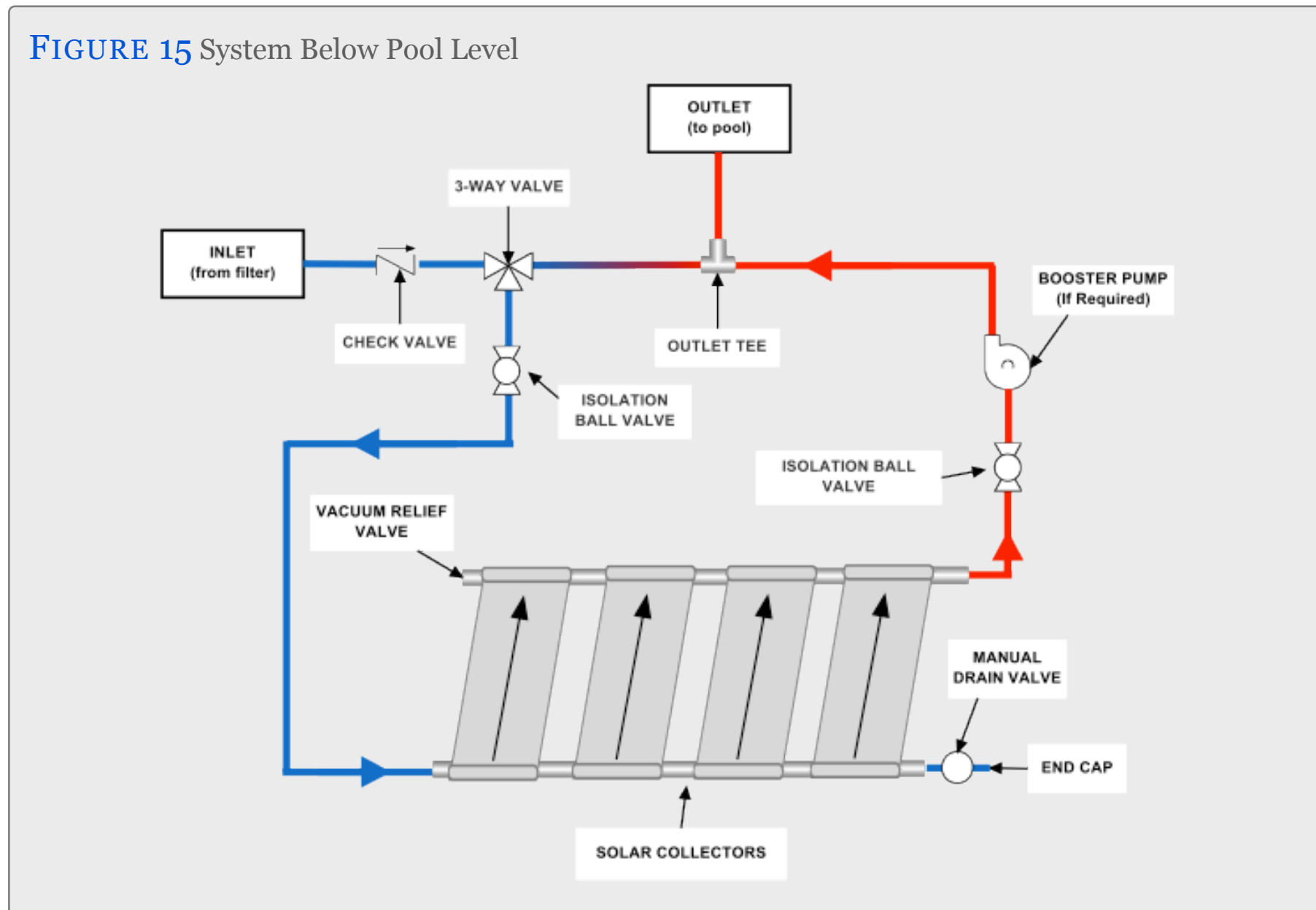
Return to: [Reverse Return; Appendix Contents.](#)

## Figure 14: Direct Return



Return to: [Direct Return; Appendix Contents.](#)

# Figure 15: System Below Pool Level

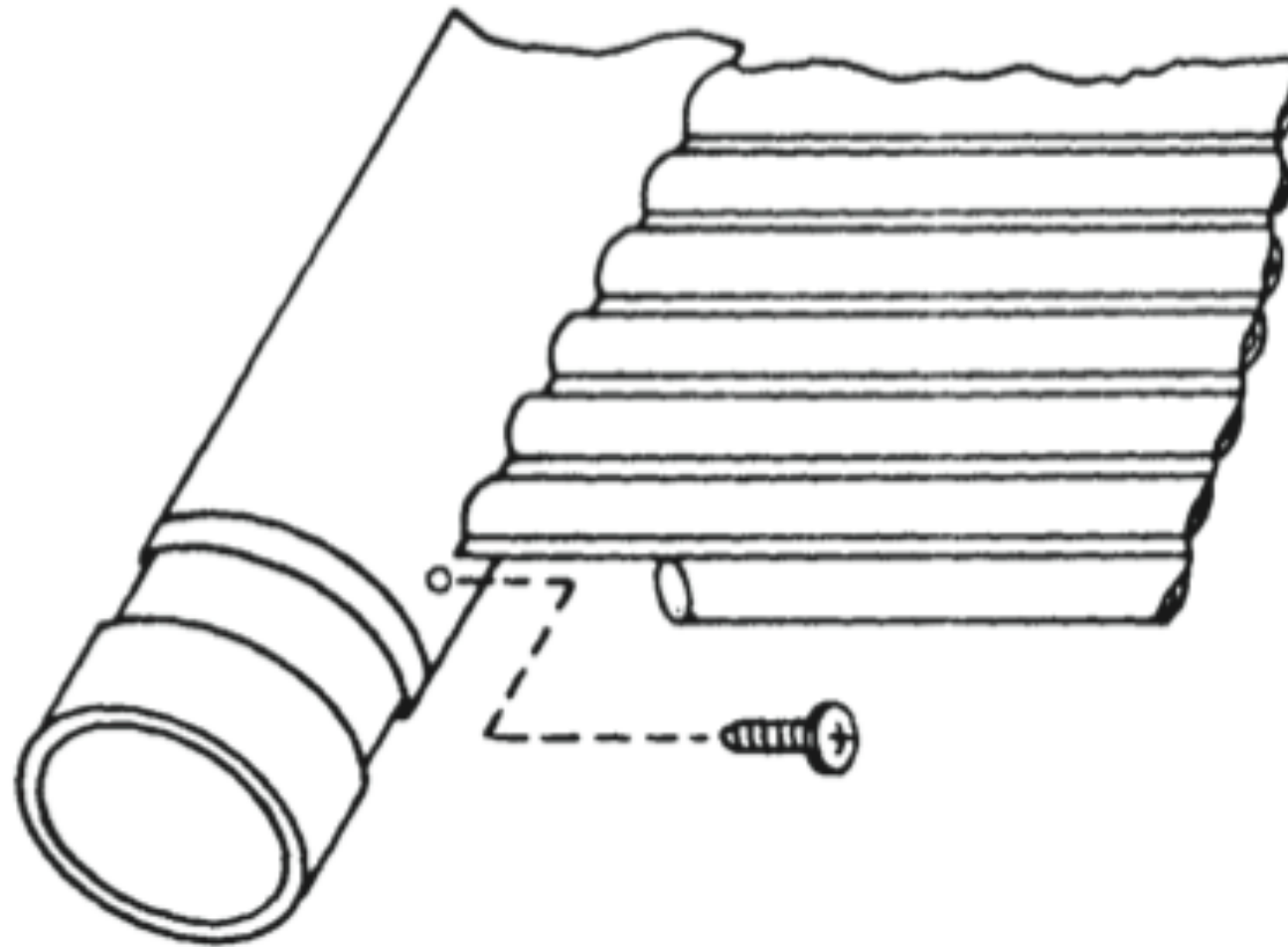


Return to: [System Below Pool Level; Appendix Contents.](#)



## Figure 16: Collector Repair

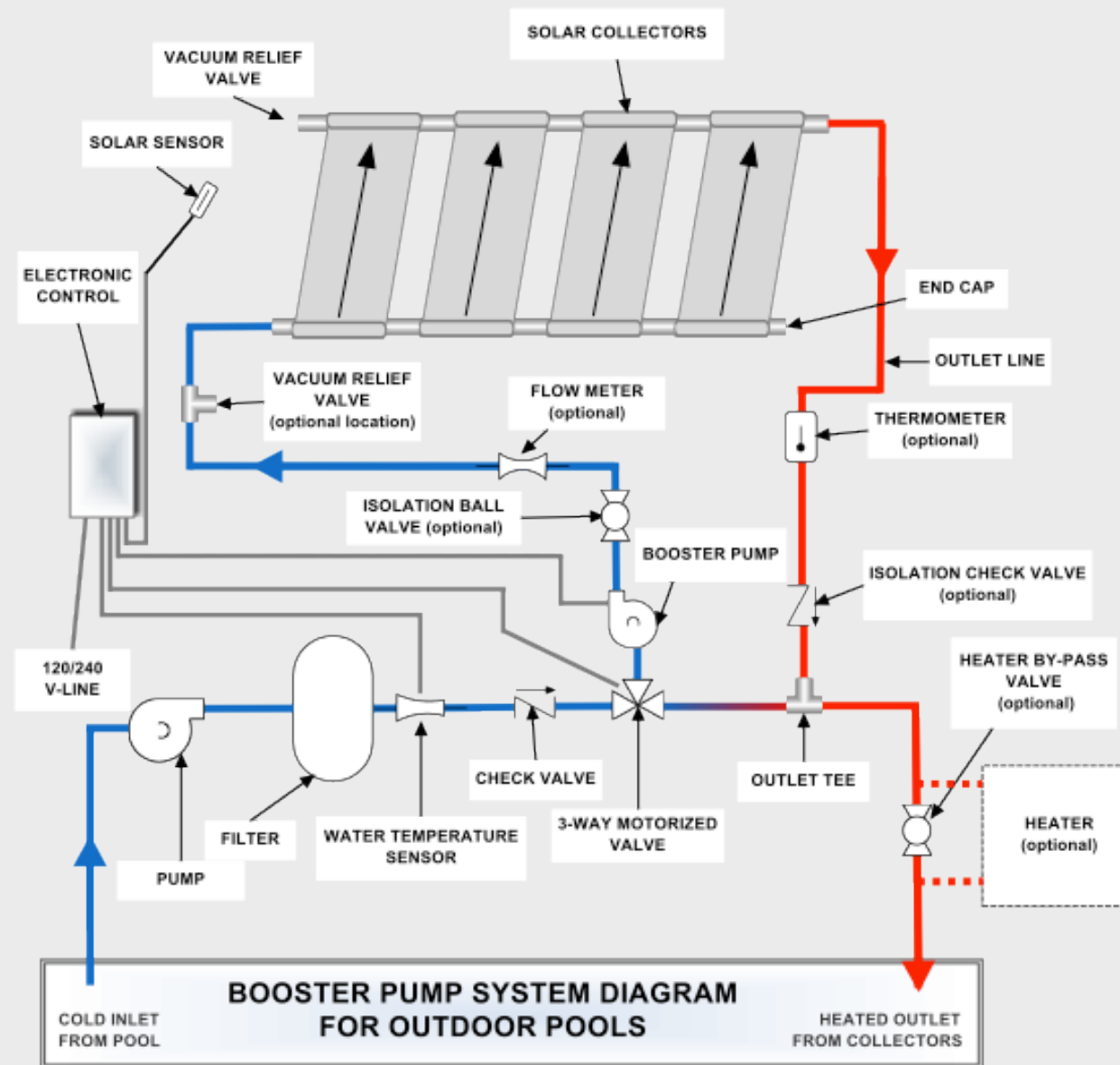
FIGURE 16 Collector Repair



Return to: [Screw Method](#); [Appendix Contents](#).

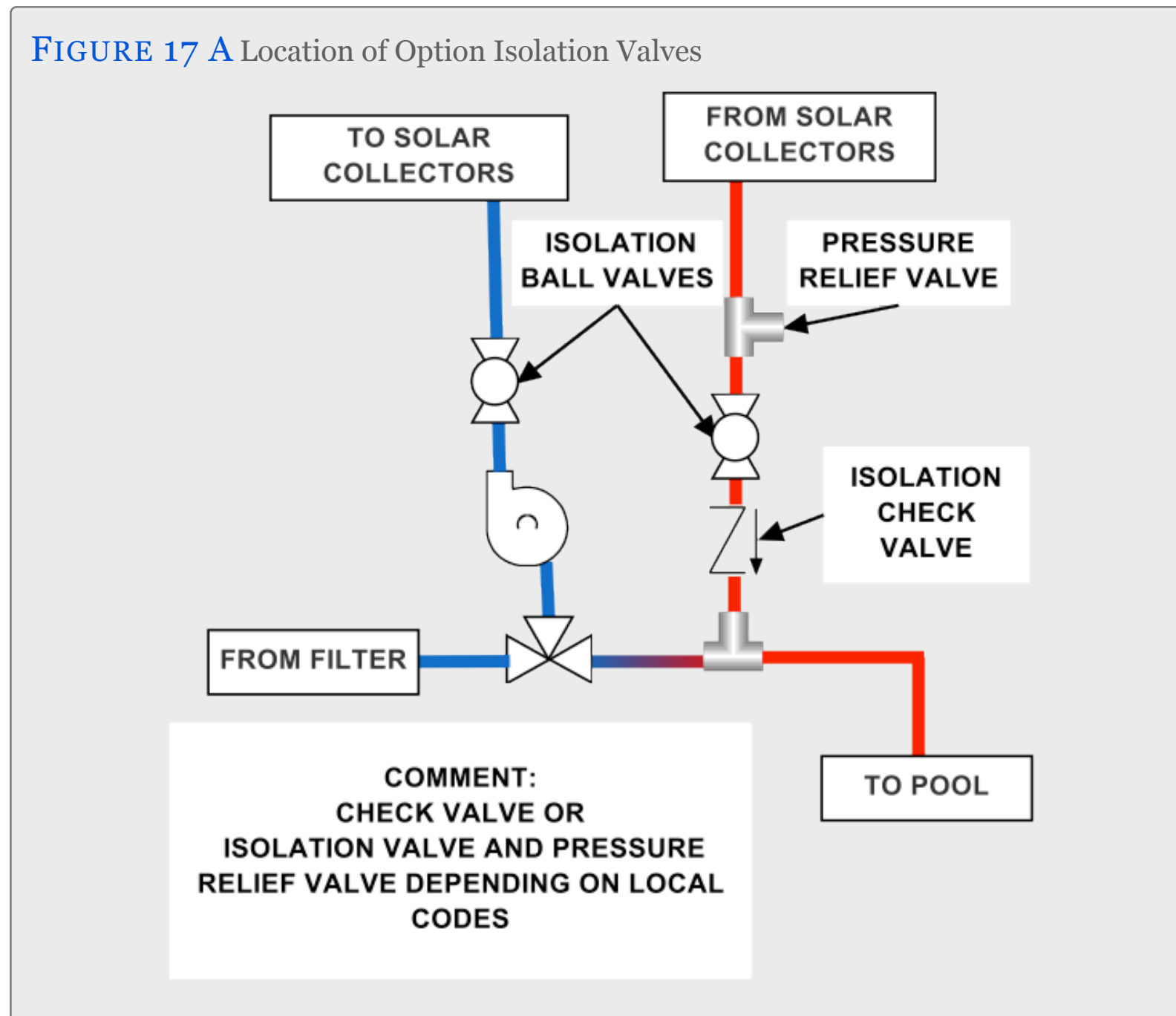
## Figure 17: Booster Pump System Diagram for Outdoor Pools

**FIGURE 17** Booster Pump System Diagram for Outdoor Pools



Return to: [Installation Over Roof Vent Pipes; Booster Pump Systems; Supplemental Heaters; Appendix Contents.](#)

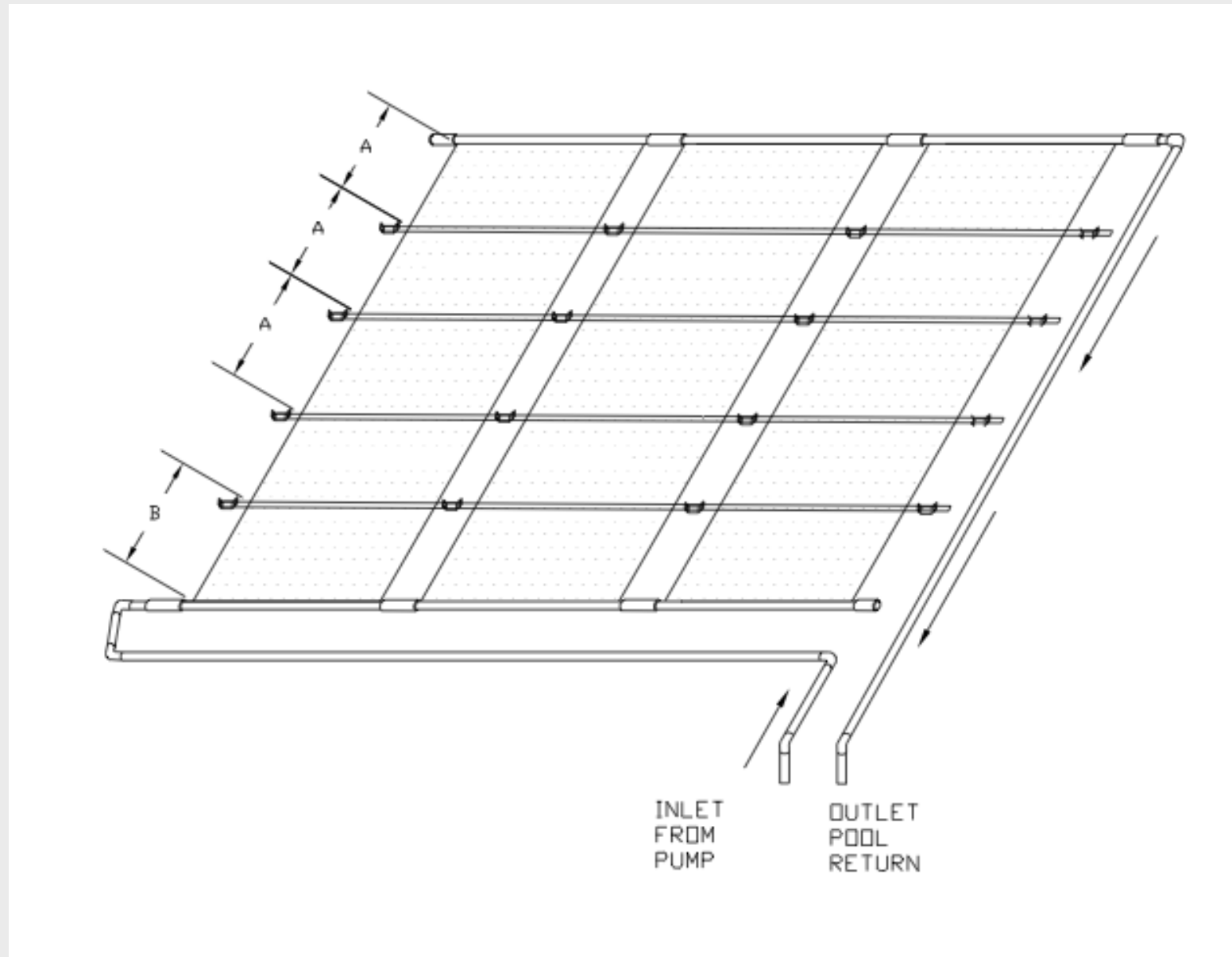
## Figure 17 A: Location of Optional Isolation Valves



Return to: [Optional Isolation Valves; Booster Pump System; Appendix Contents.](#)

## Figure 18: High Wind Area Additional Strap Bracket Location

**FIGURE 18** High Wind Area Additional Strap Bracket Locations



Return to: [Installation in High Wind Areas; Appendix Contents.](#)